

Discovery of BH instabilities in an accreting NS

Tullio Bagnoli & Jean in 't Zand

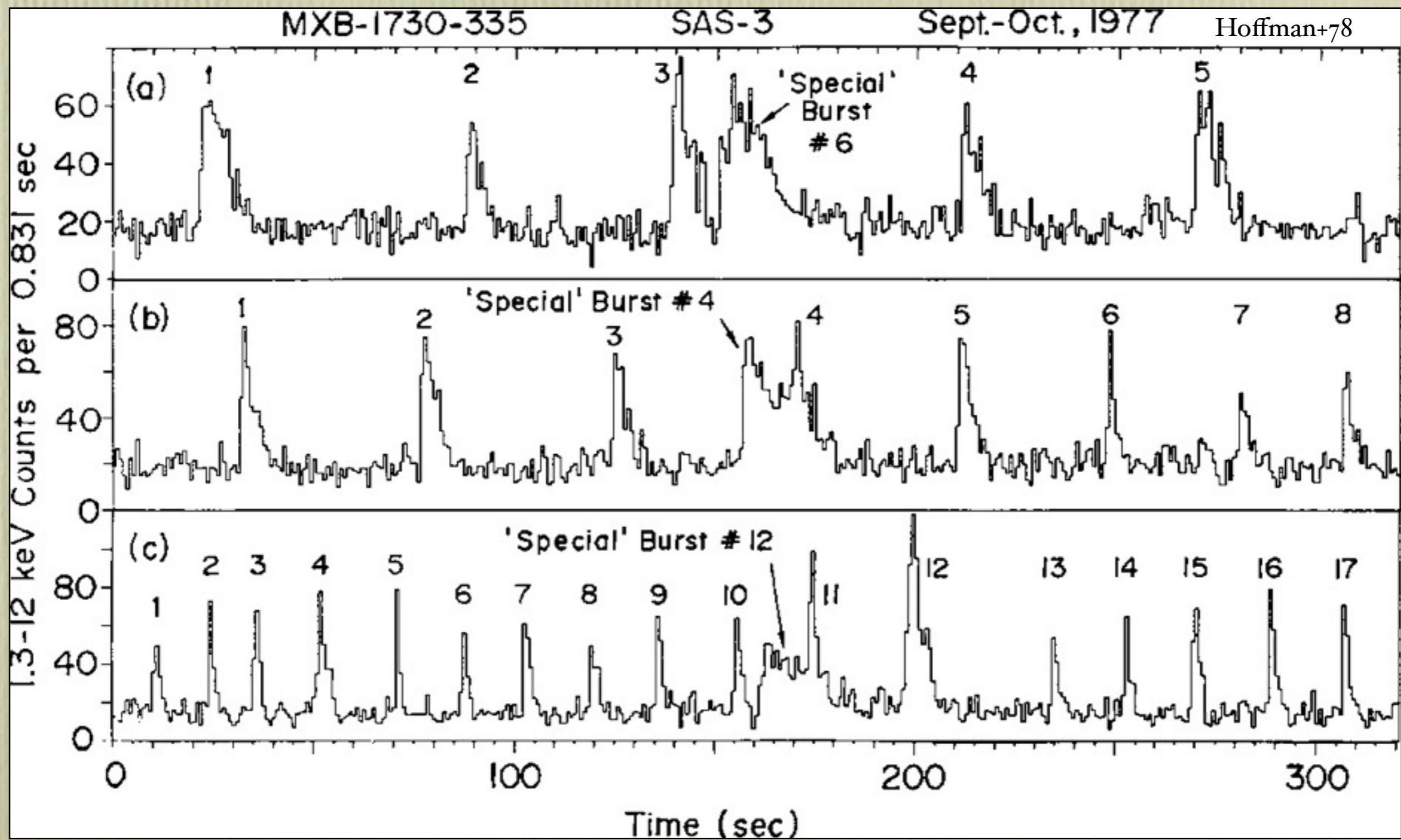
The GC Liller I

Gemini, J+K IR bands
85" x 85"

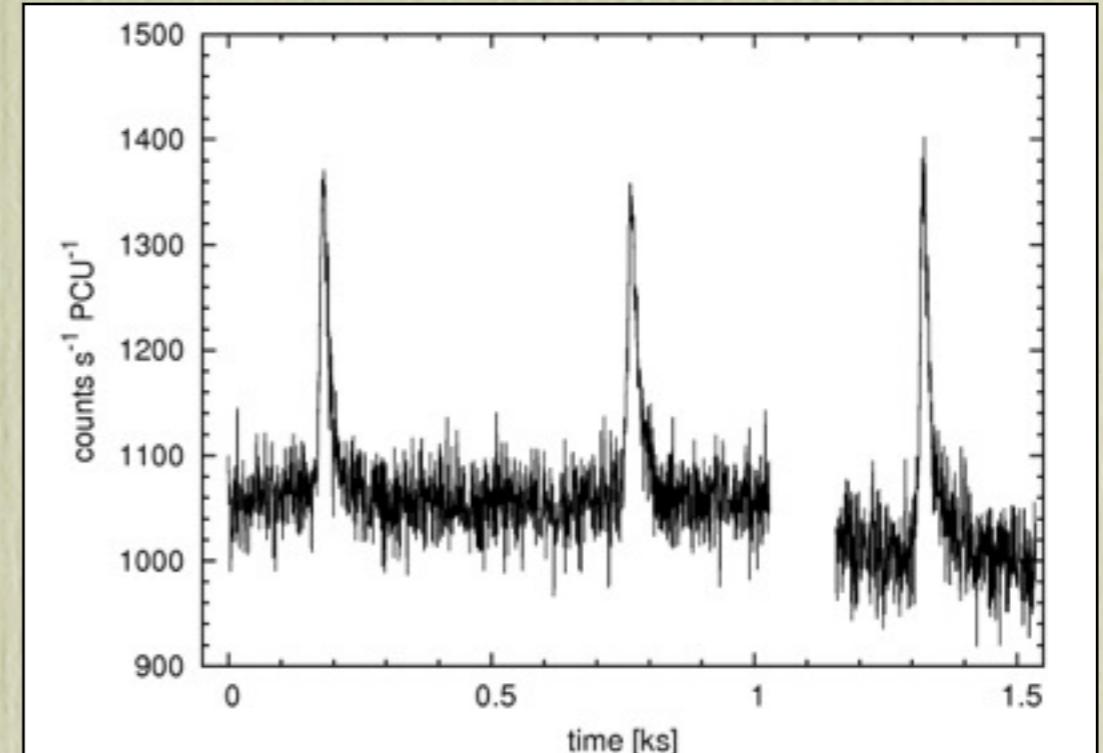
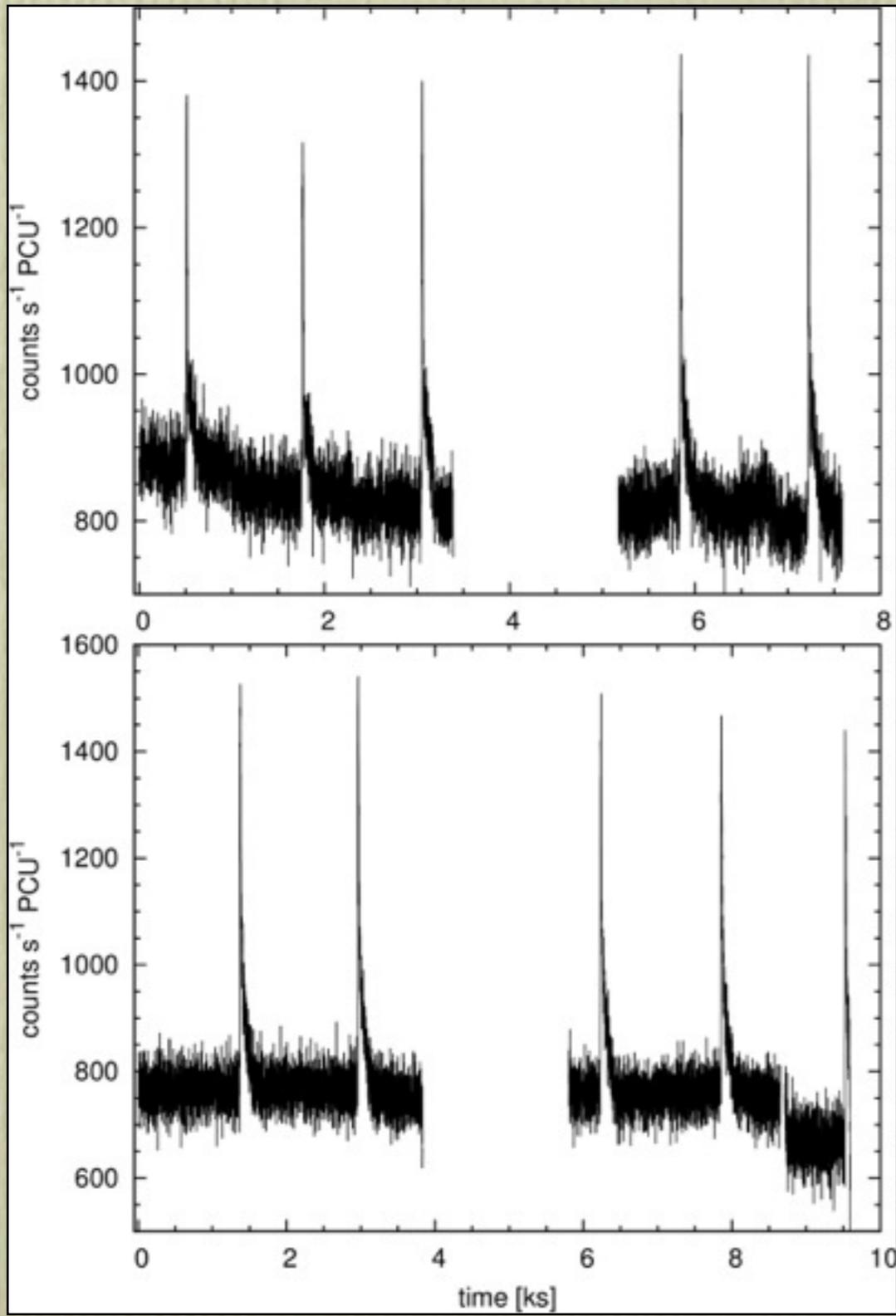


Saracino+15

The Rapid Burster and its X-ray bursts



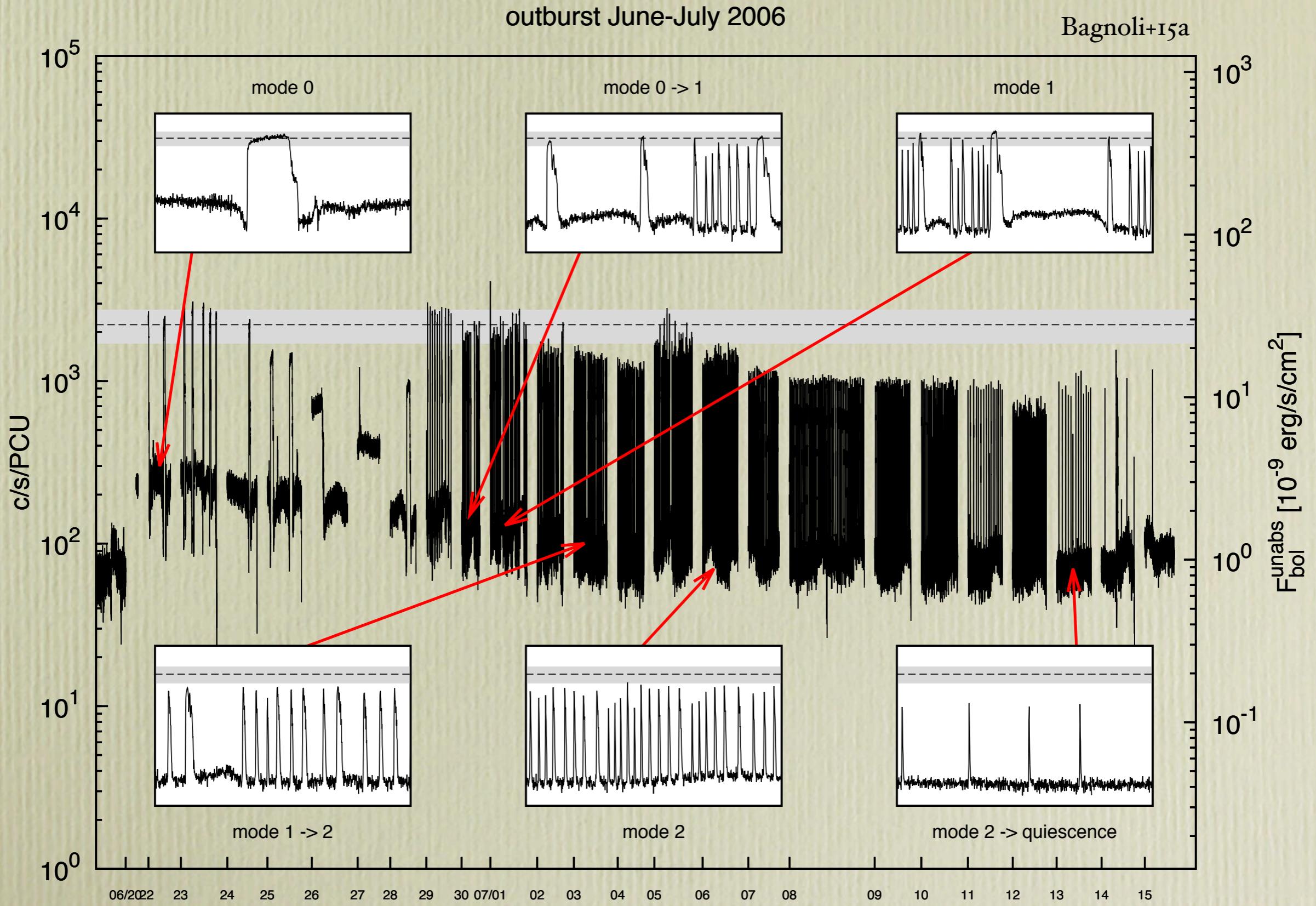
thermonuclear bursts



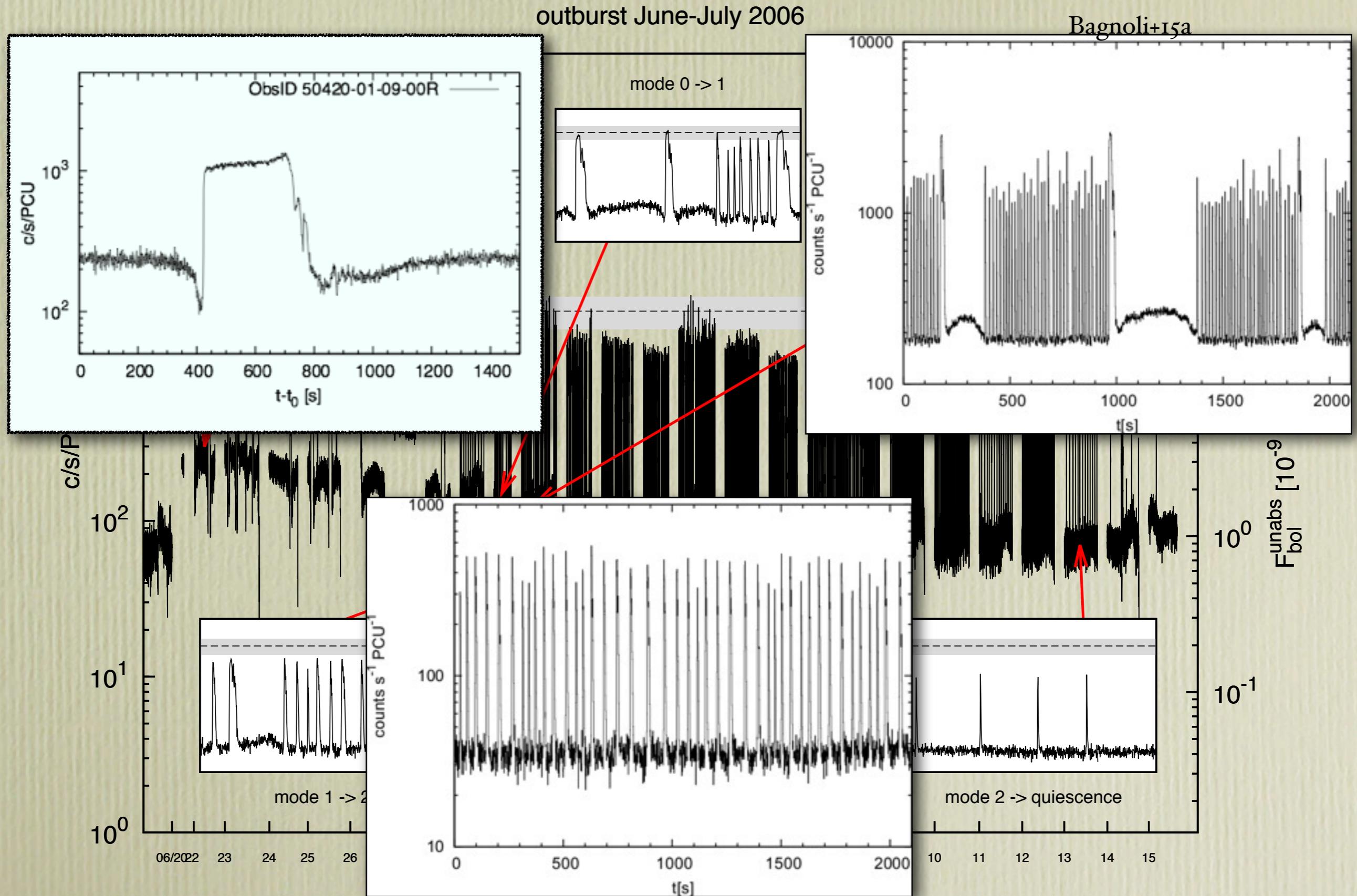
Bagnoli+13

- unstable burning of accreted material
- 10^5 Galactic NS LMXBs
- $t_{\text{rec}} \sim \text{hours}$
- surface phenomenon

accretion bursts



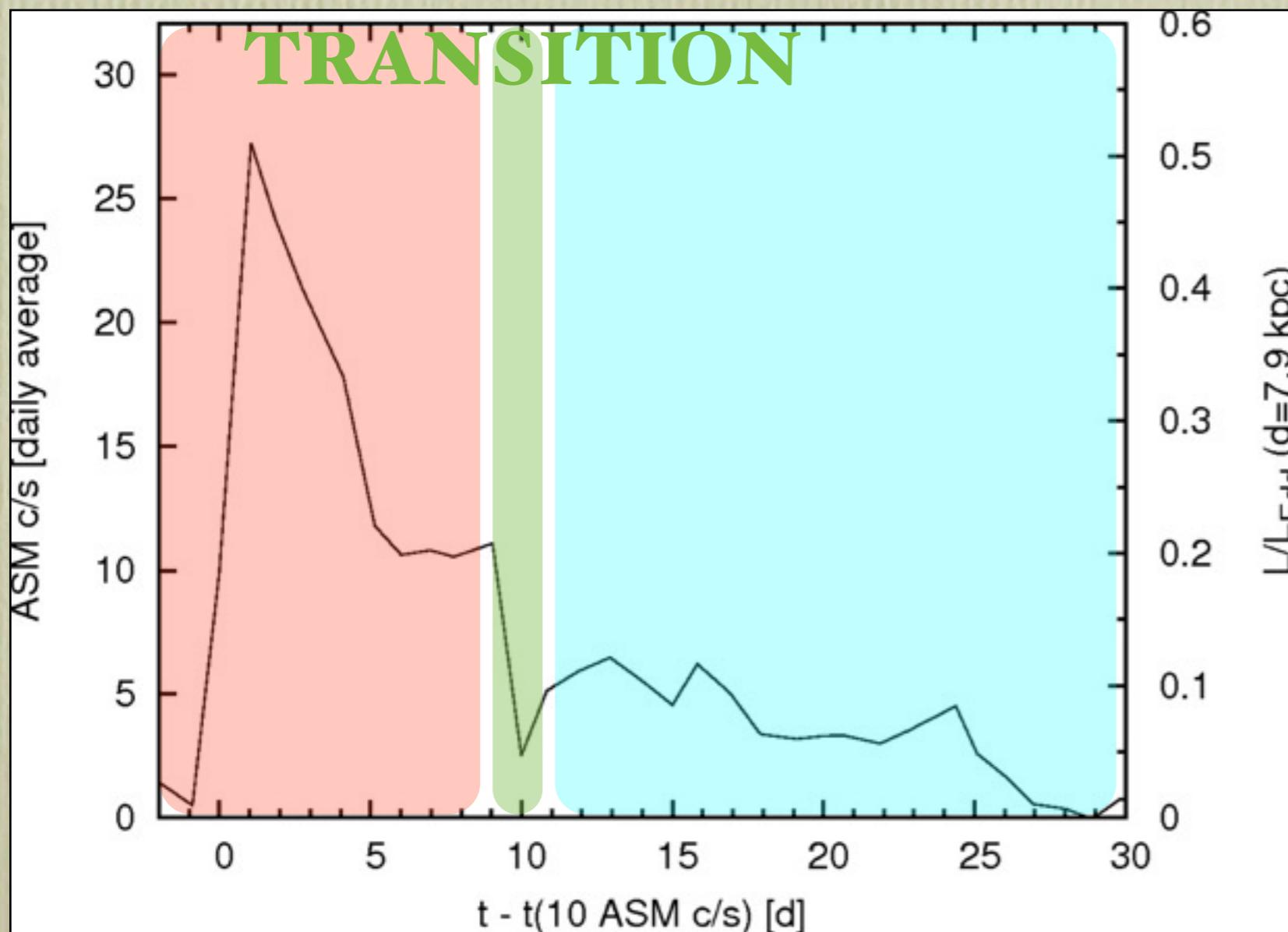
accretion bursts



Rapid Burster outbursts

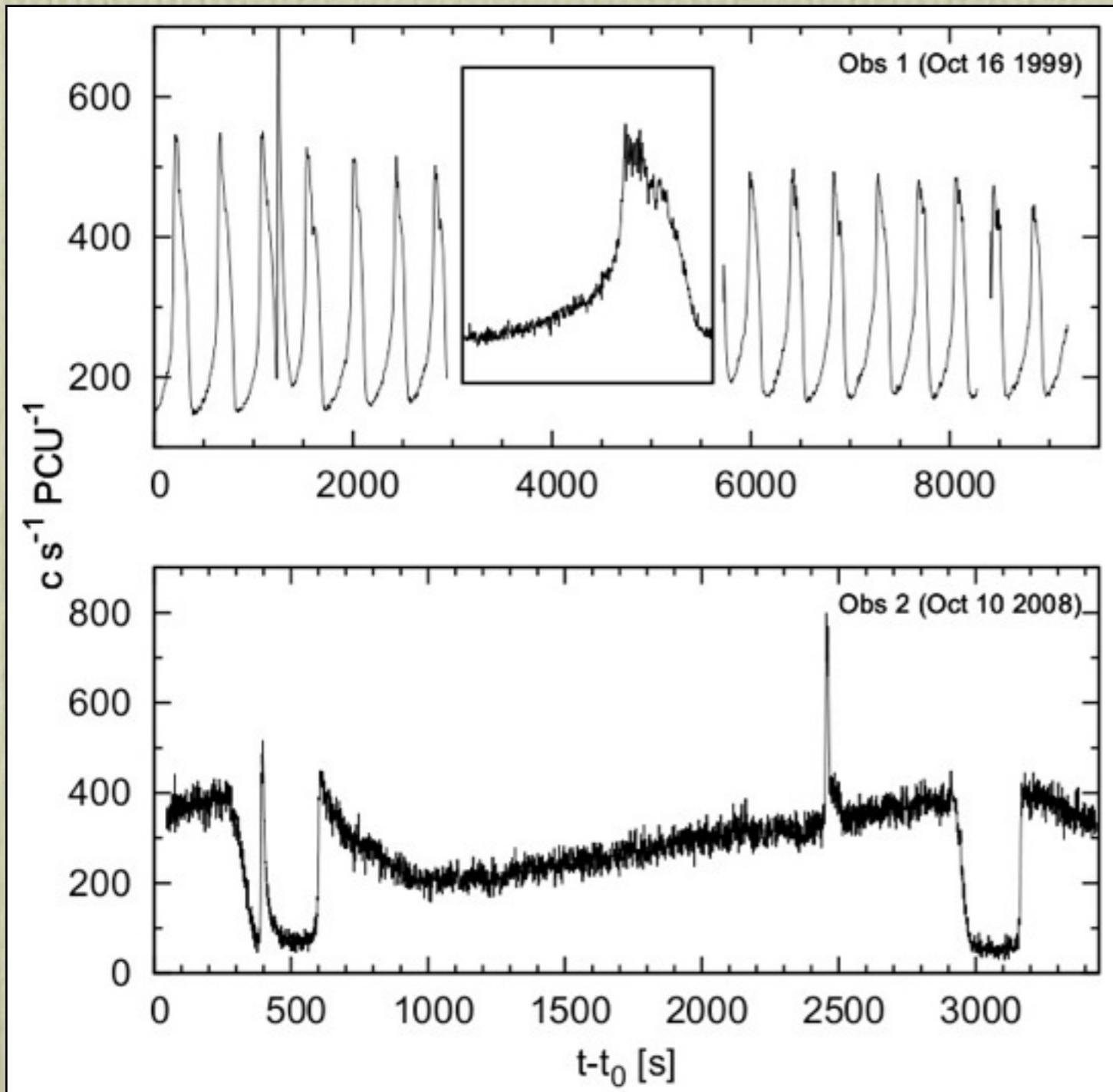
**SOFT
STATE**

**HARD
STATE**



- **SOFT:**
only thermonuclear
- **TRANSITION:**
funky stuff..
- **HARD:**
both
thermonuclear and
accretion bursts

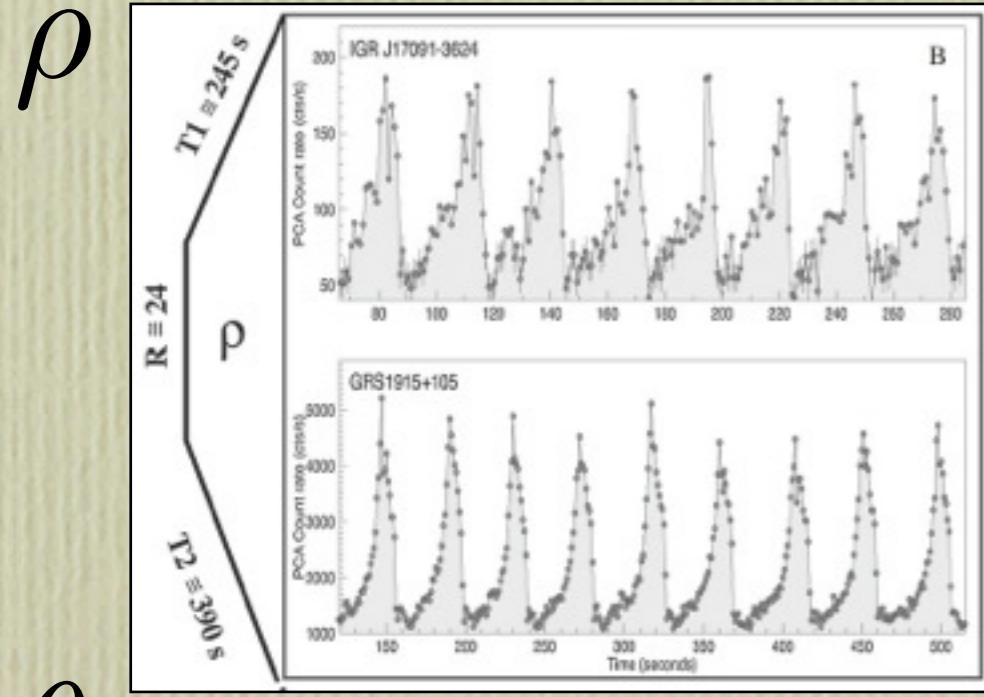
variabilities during transition



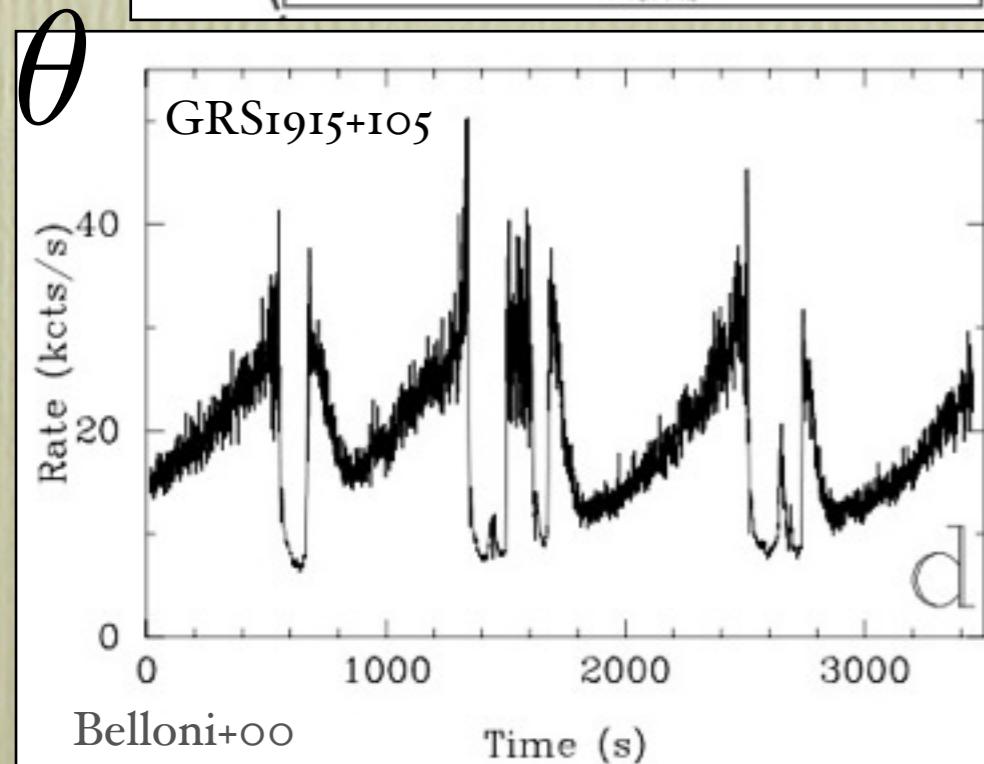
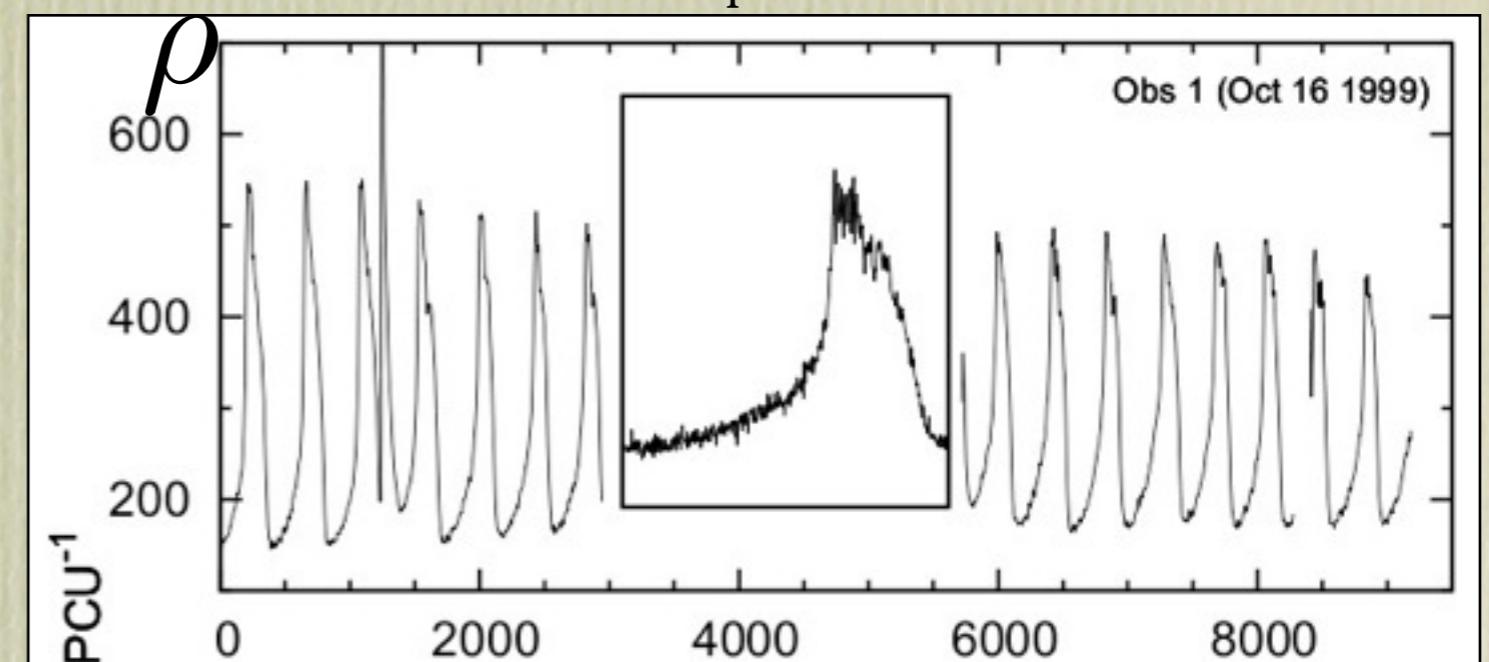
- $P \sim 350\text{--}450$ s (obs 1)
- $L \sim 7\text{--}18\%$ Ledd (obs 1)
 $\sim 3.5\text{--}21\%$ Ledd (obs2)
- no interaction between thermonuclear burst and the variabilities
- no increased absorption (obs 2)

black-hole-like variability

Altamirano+II



Rapid Burster



Belloni+00

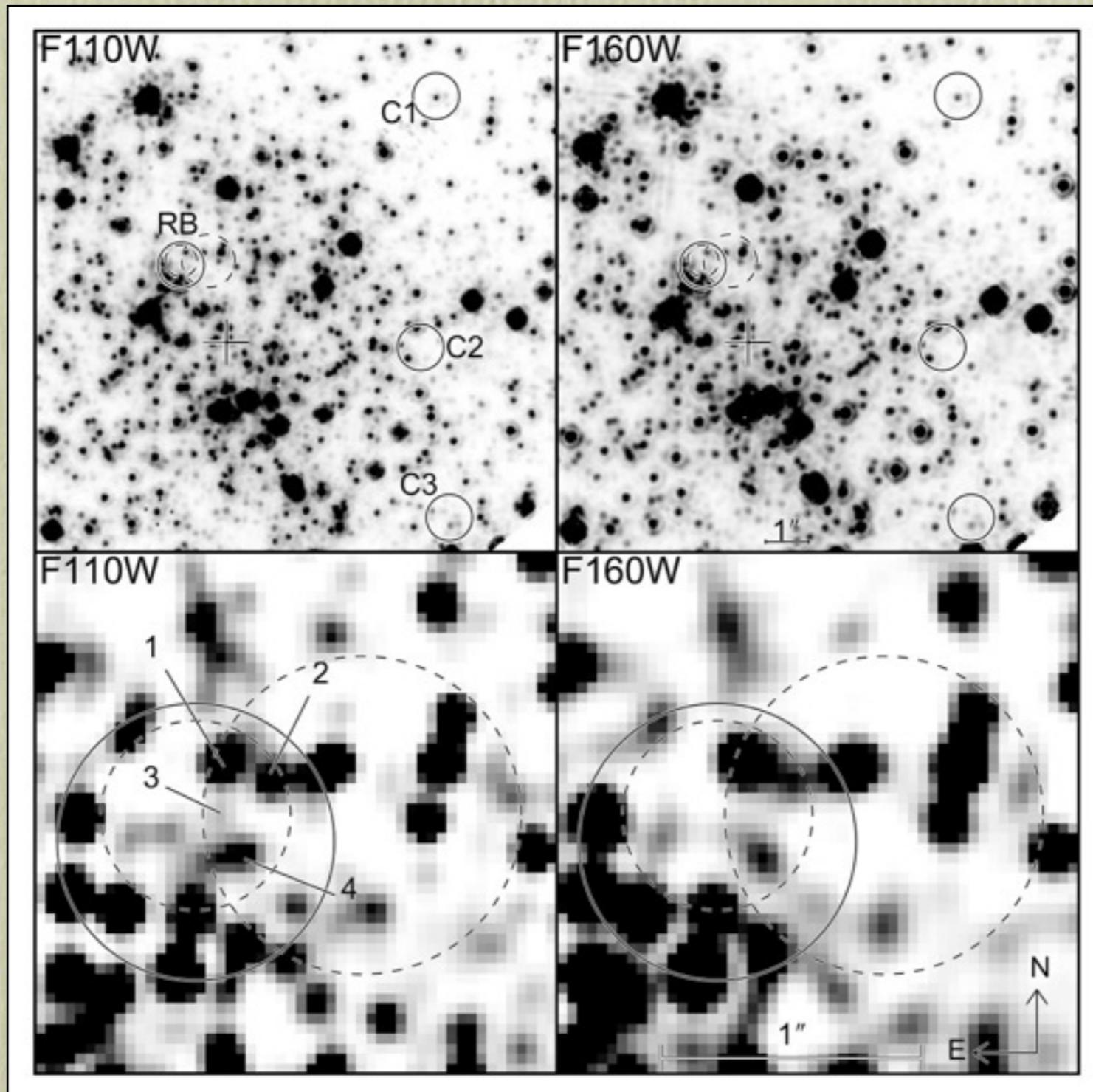
$t - t_0$ [s] Bagnoli & in 't Zand 2015

Conclusions

- **rare:** ~1% all active-RB RXTE data
- Only at **transition** from soft to hard state
- not because of BH or Eddington:
IGR J17091 sub-Eddington too
- **what about the** accretion bursts?

The Rapid Burster in Liller I

Hubble image, 25" x 25"



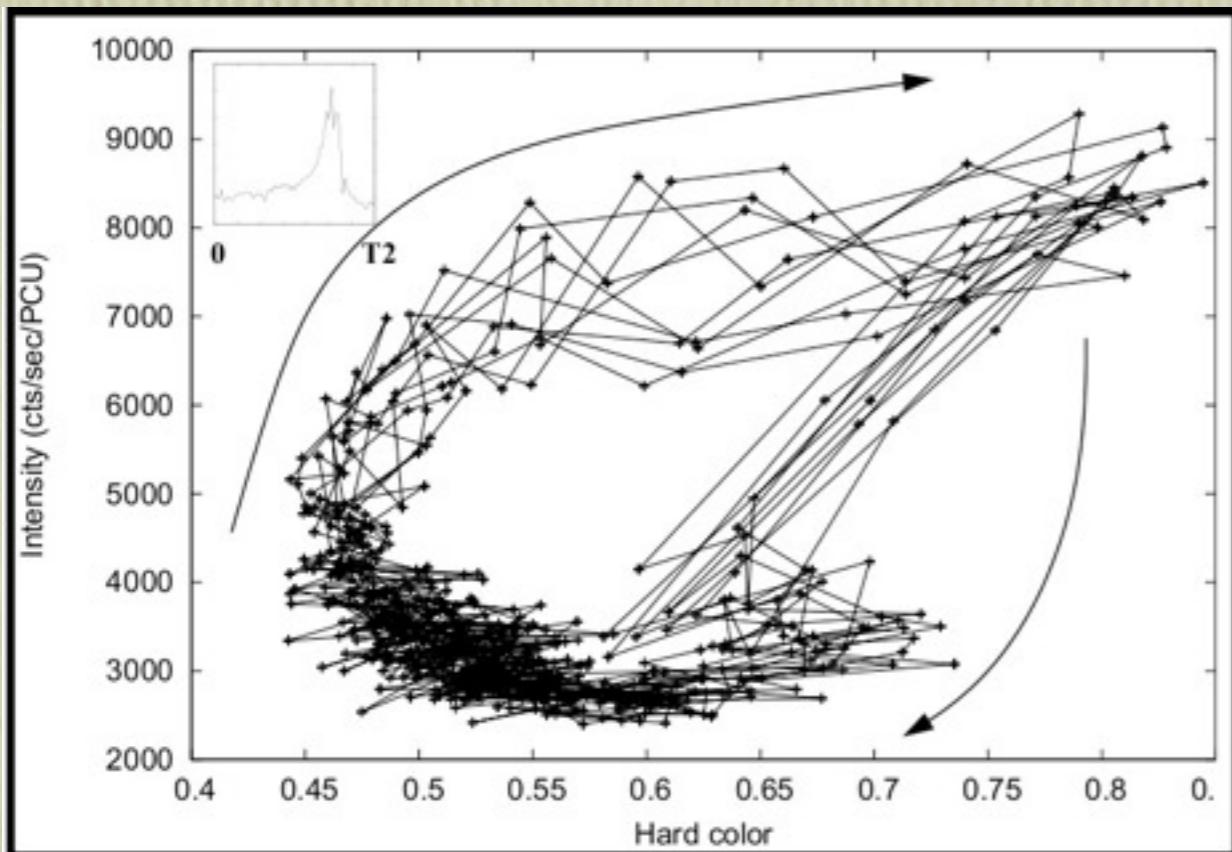
spectral comparison

GRS 1915+105

ρ

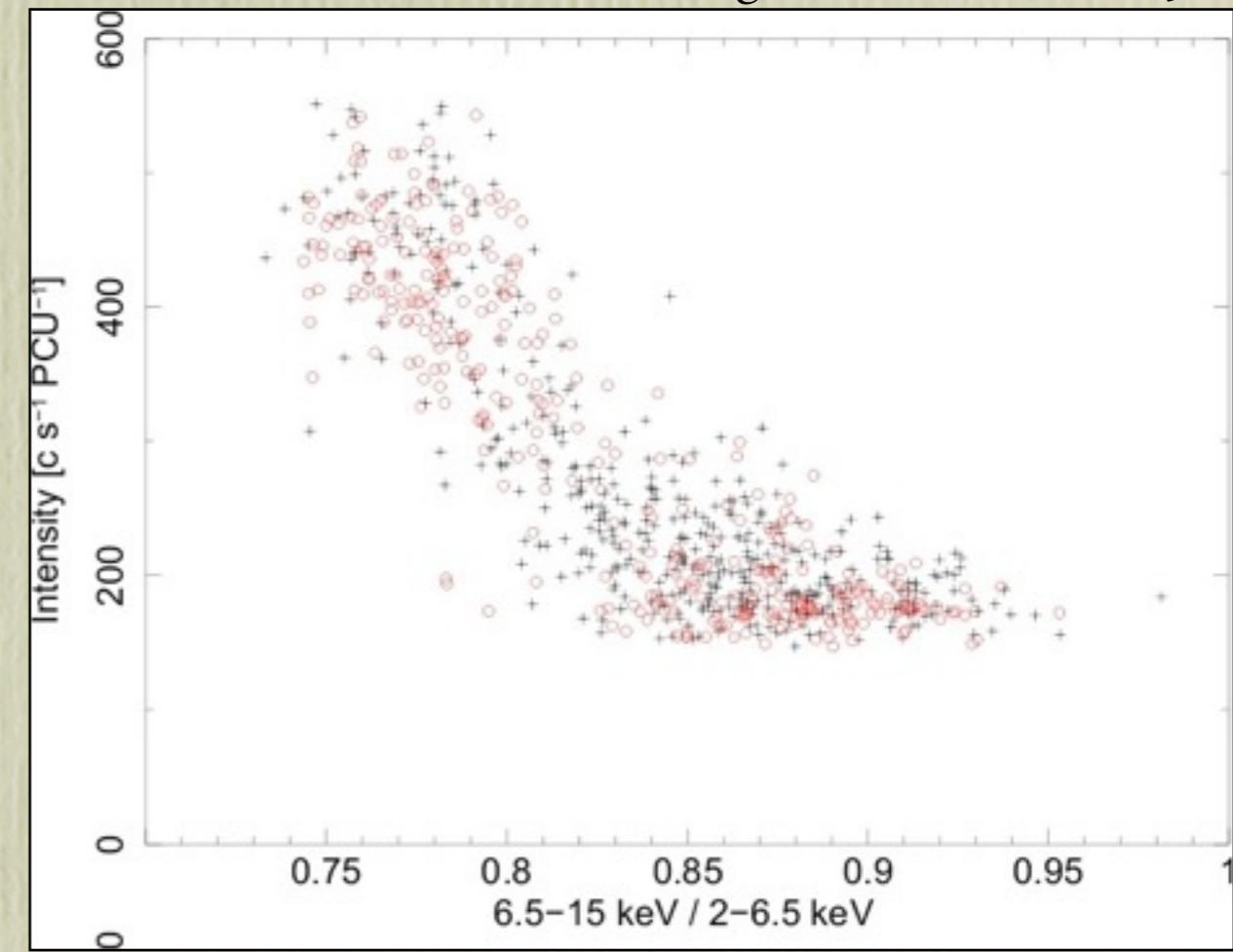
Rapid Burster

Altamirano+II



hysteresis
Eddington limited

Bagnoli & in 't Zand 2015



no hysteresis
Lpeak ~ 0.18 Ledd

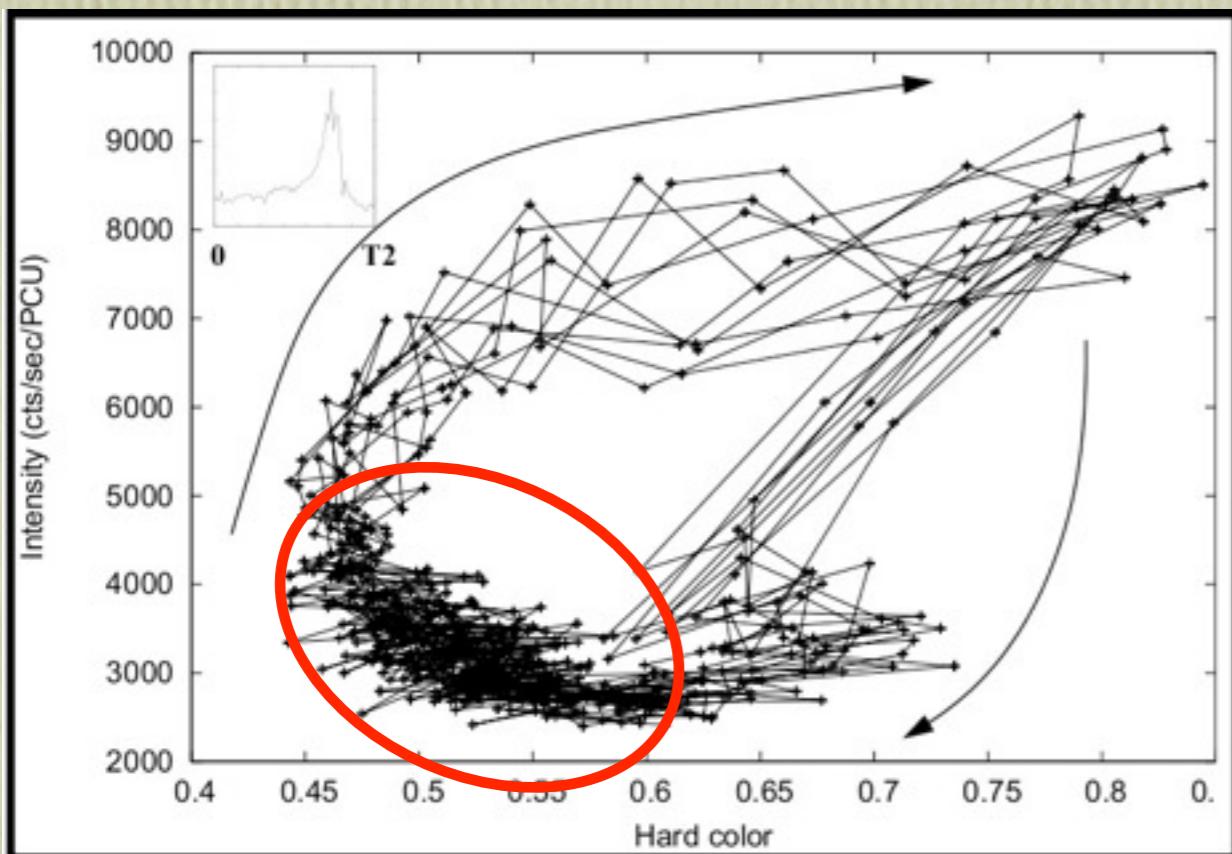
spectral comparison

GRS 1915+105

ρ

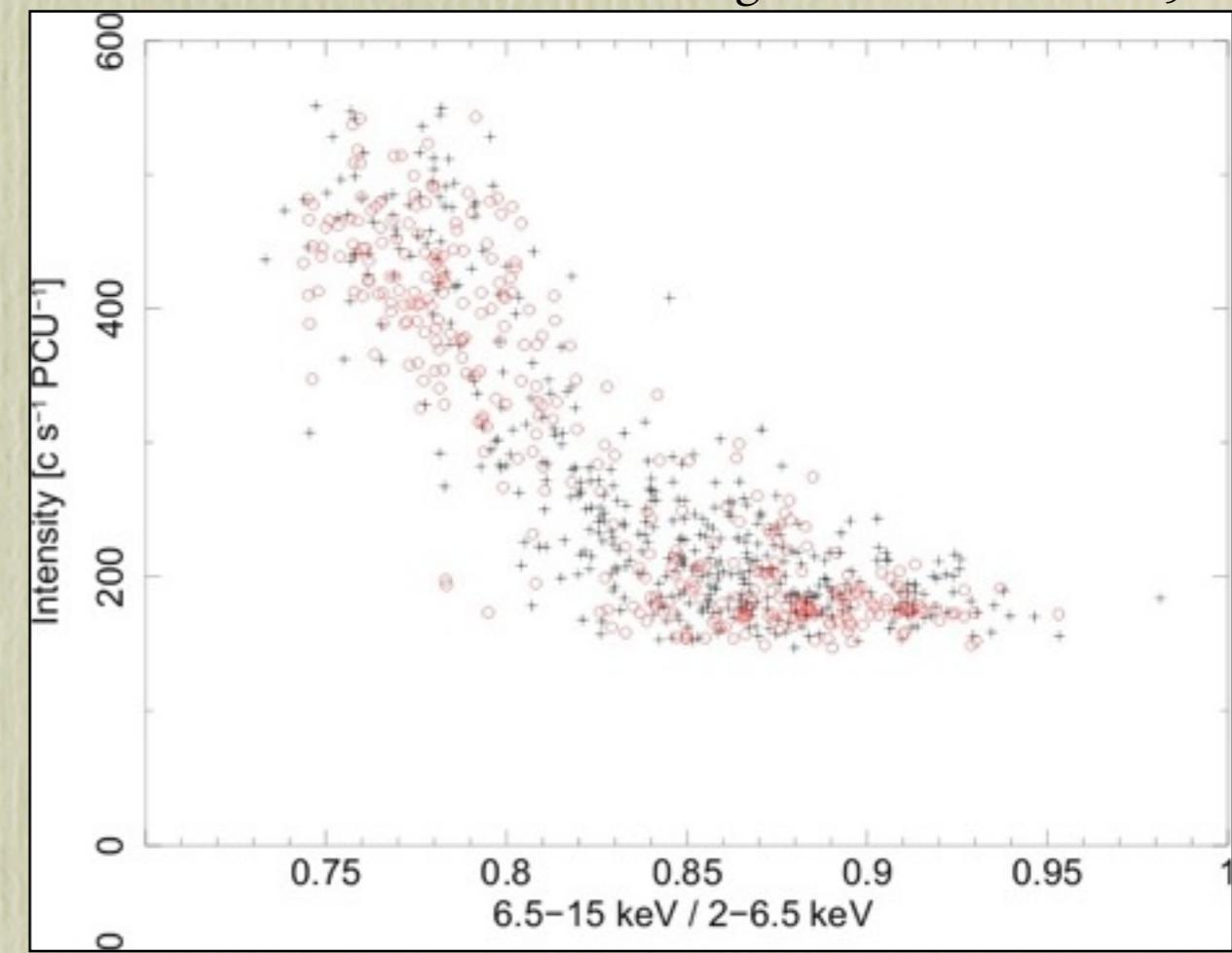
Rapid Burster

Altamirano+II



hysteresis
Eddington limited

Bagnoli & in 't Zand 2015

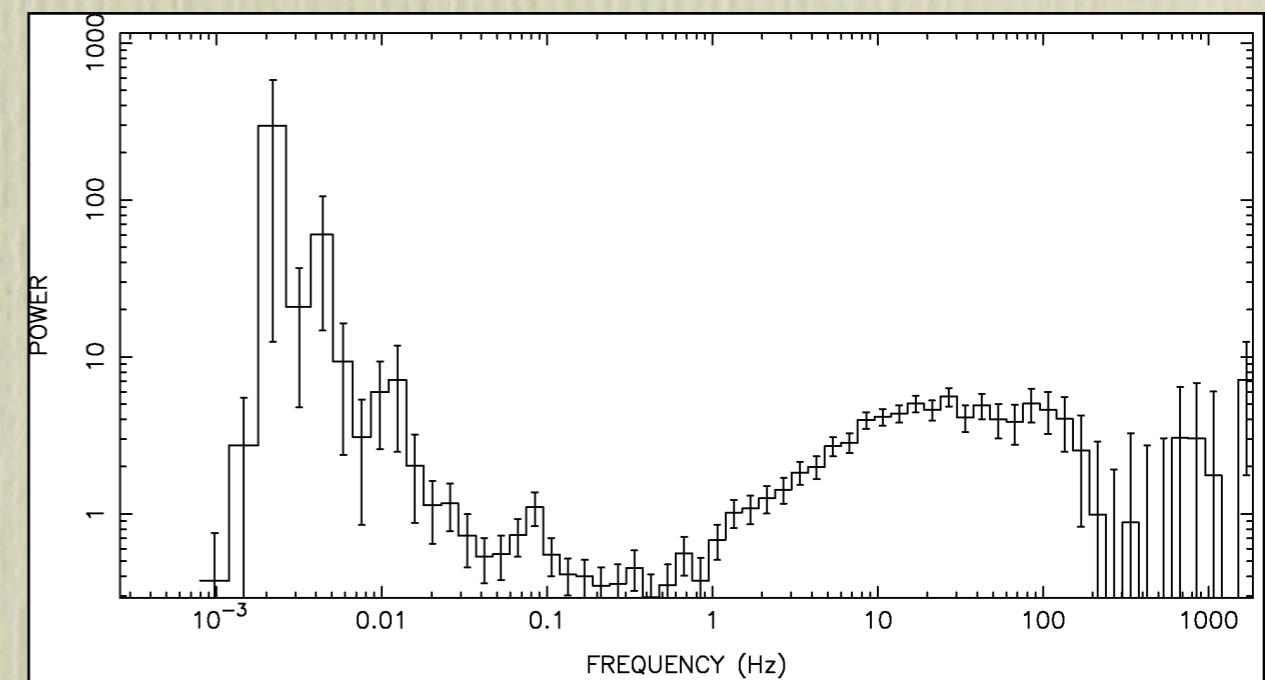
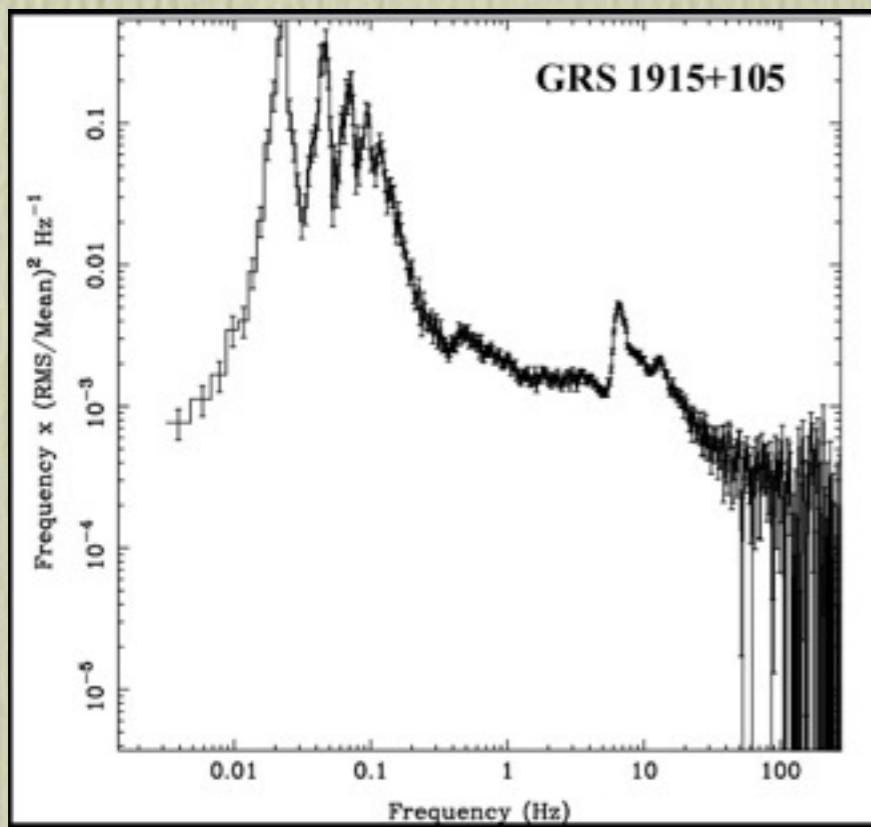


no hysteresis
Lpeak ~ 0.18 Ledd

timing comparison

GRS 1915+105

Rapid Burster



Altamirano+11