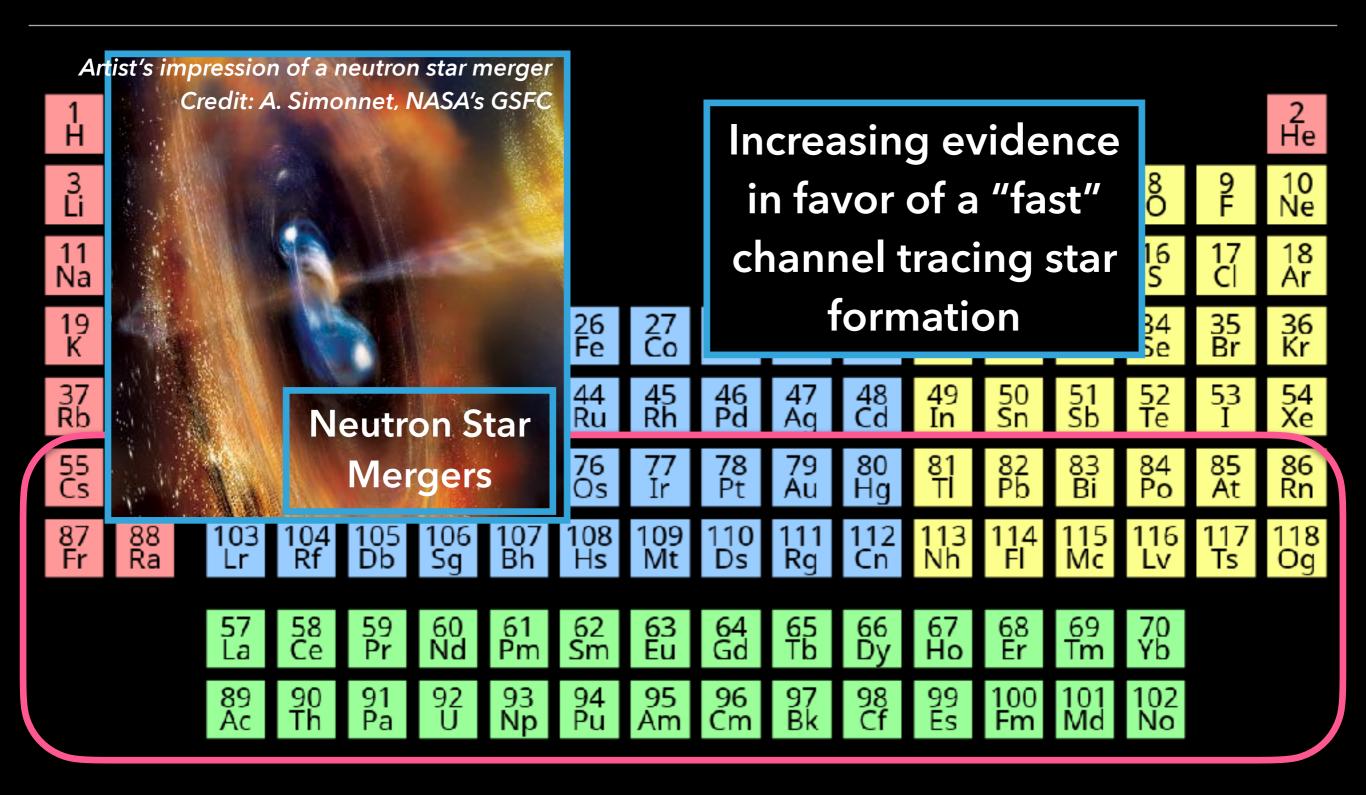
A SEARCH FOR R-PROCESS NUCLEOSYNTHESIS IN GRB SUPERNOVAE

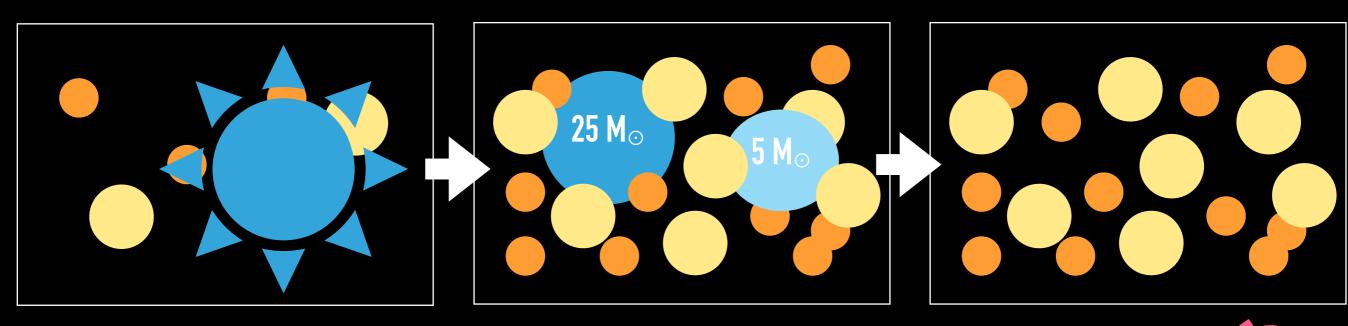


The Periodic Table of Elements





An additional, "faster" r-process production channel: Select Core-Collapse Supernovae



T = 0 Gyr

T ~100-500 Myr

T = 13 Gyr

An early metal-poor stellar population

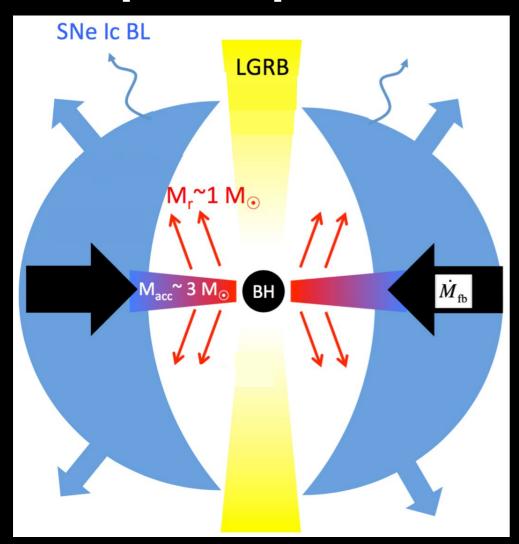
SN gas cools to form new stars, enriched with new r-process material Observations of today's Milky Way dwarfs, GCs show metal-poor stars with r-process enrichment

Early r-process enrichment

Based on Naidu+22, Ji+18, Hansen+17, Kirby+23, + more!

An additional, "faster" r-process production channel: Select Core-Collapse Supernovae

Collapsar Supernovae



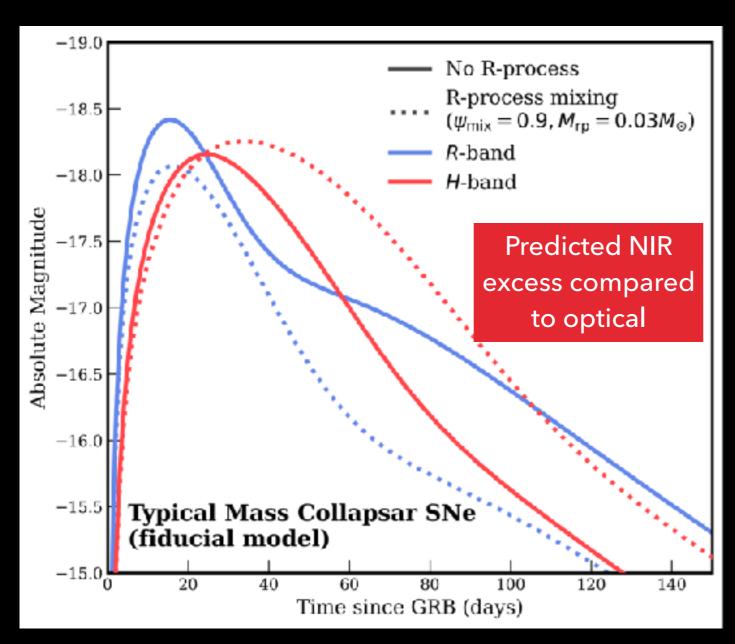


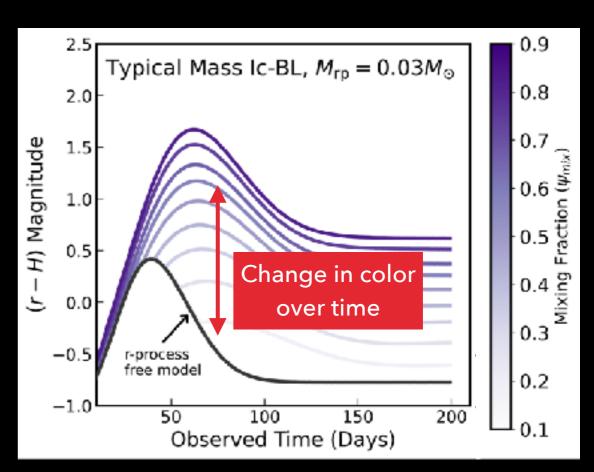
Northwestern

e.g., Siegel+19, Zenati+20



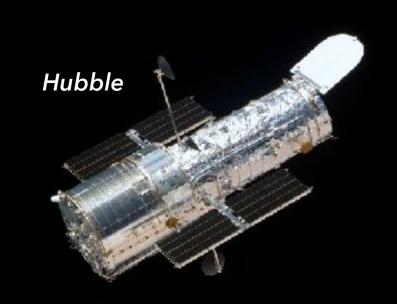
Leveraging photometric colors in searching for rprocess in LGRB Collapsar SNe



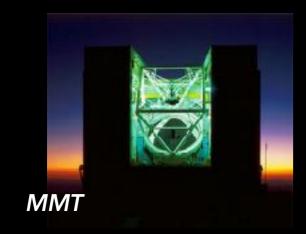


Observed reddening analogous to a kilonova

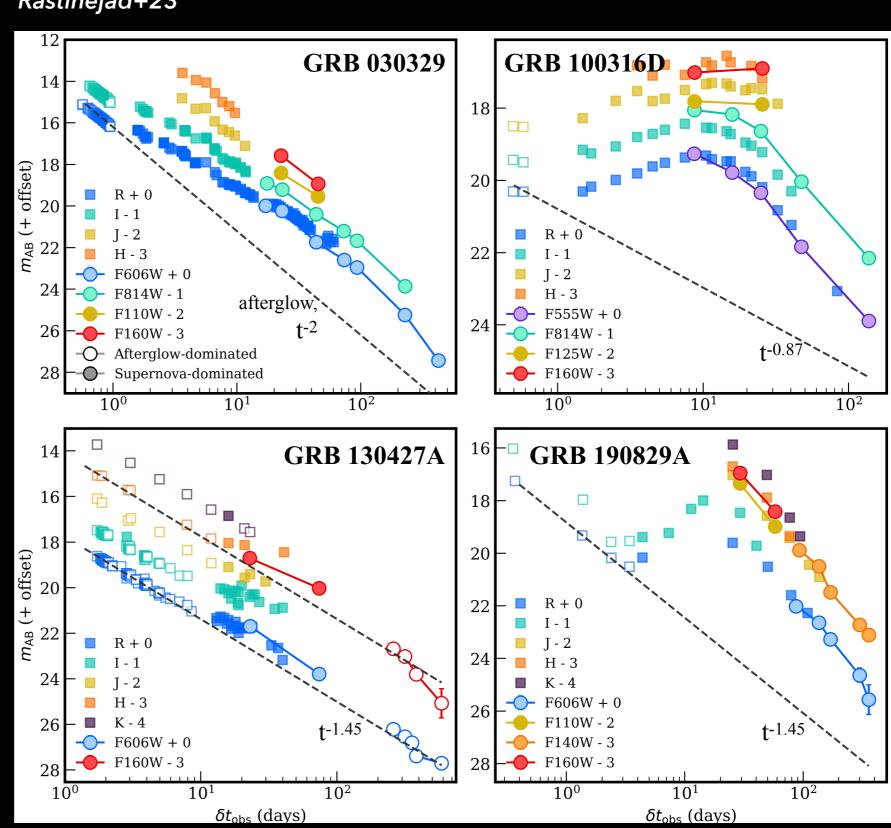






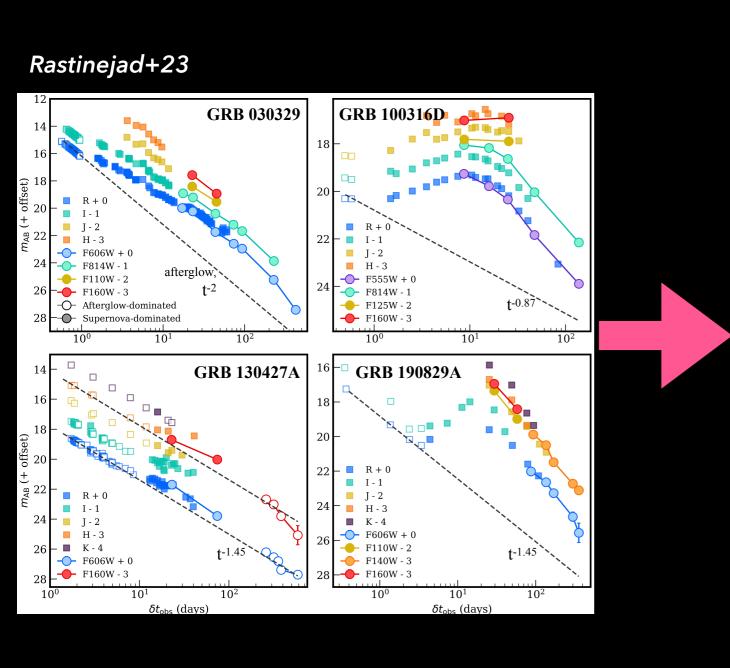


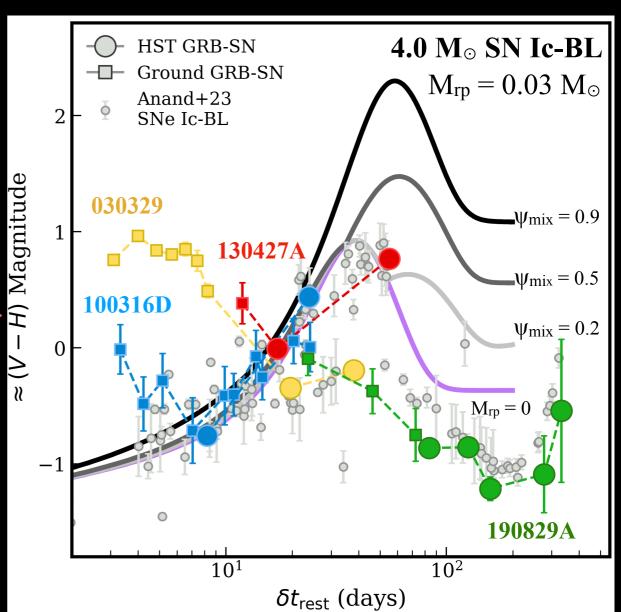
Rastinejad+23





Searching for r-process signatures in GRB-SNe





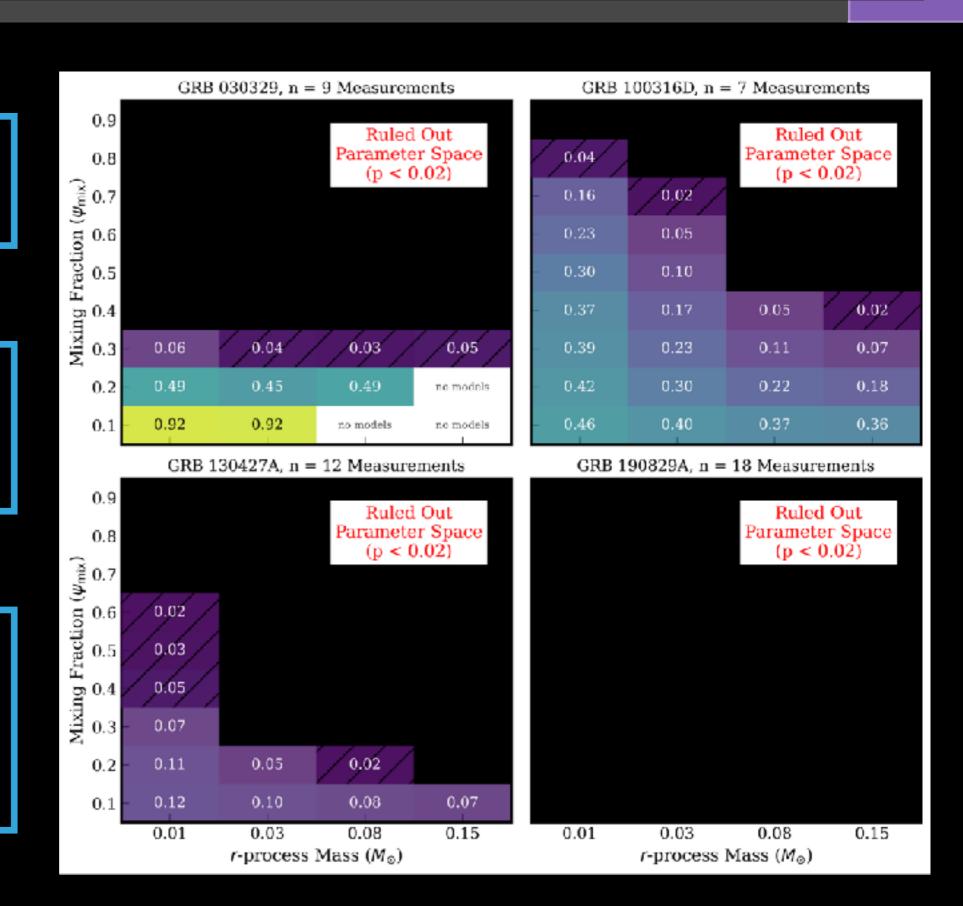
Rastinejad+23



Calculating p-values for model parameter space

190829A not consistent with any enrichment models

030329, 100316D, 130427A consistent with models, mostly lower mixing and mass





Conclusions

- I. Observations of GRB 100316D are consistent with models for enrichment and GRB 190829A favor no enrichment. We caution that our analysis is based on a fiducial set of semi-analytic models that is unable to account for \geq 30% of our observations.
- II. Overall, we observe color diversity within the four GRB- SNe in our sample. Future observations of GRB-SNe are necessary probe r-process enrichment in these favored candidates.
- III. Well-localized GRB missions are vital for multiple subfields of astronomy and are necessary to unearth a new source of r-process enrichment.

For more see **arXiv:2312.04630**



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