IL DOPPIO SENSO della SCIENZA

Giancarlo Ghirlanda giancarlo.ghirlanda@brera.inaf.it



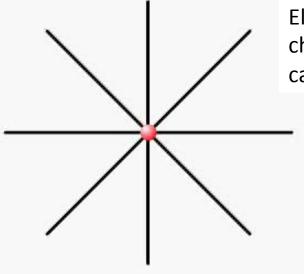
Cosa è un'onda?







The Electric Field of an Oscillating Charge



Elettromagnetismo ci dice che una carica elettrica che oscilla produce una perturbazione (onda) nel campo elettrico.

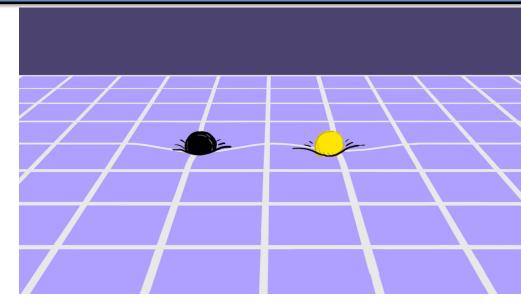




Masse ferme



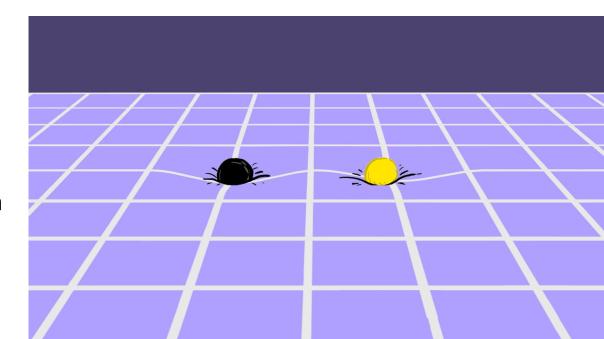
Curvatura dello spazio-tempo



Masse in movimento



Perturbazione della curvatura dello spazio tempo ONDE GRAVITAZIONALI (GW)









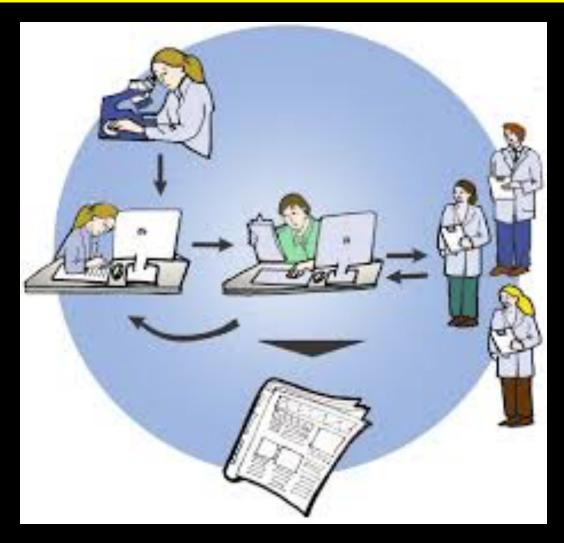
Einstein, A., Rosen, N.: **On Gravitational Waves**. Journal of the Franklin Institute 223 (1937), 43–54.

Peer Review





Peer Review = revisione tra pari

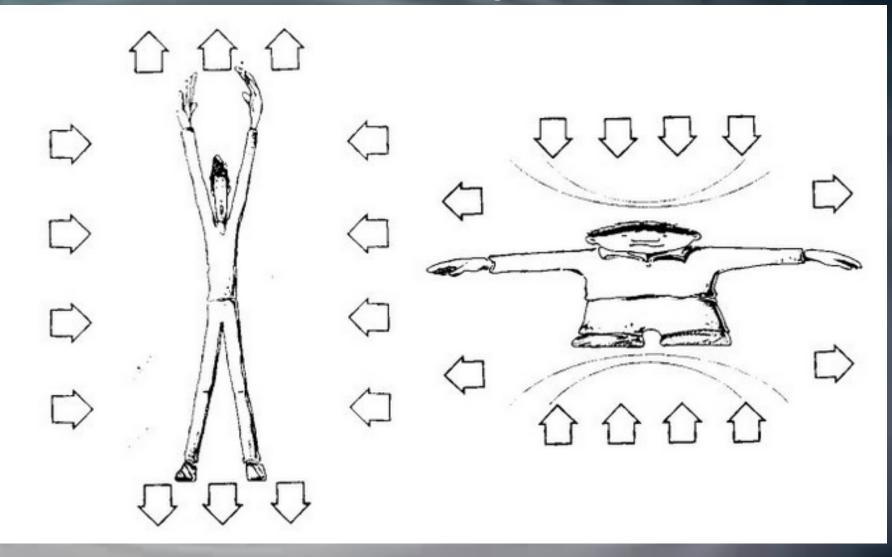






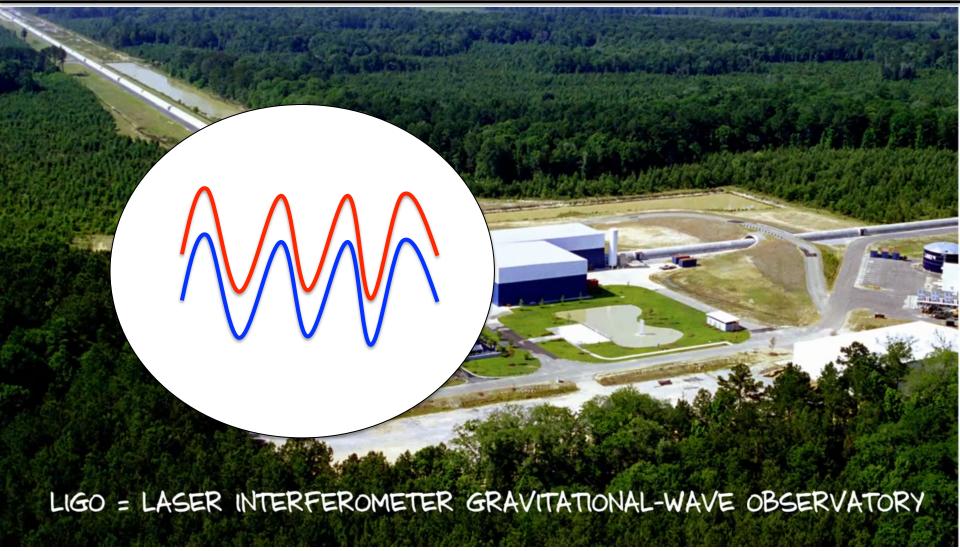


Come si rivelano le onde gravitazionali?



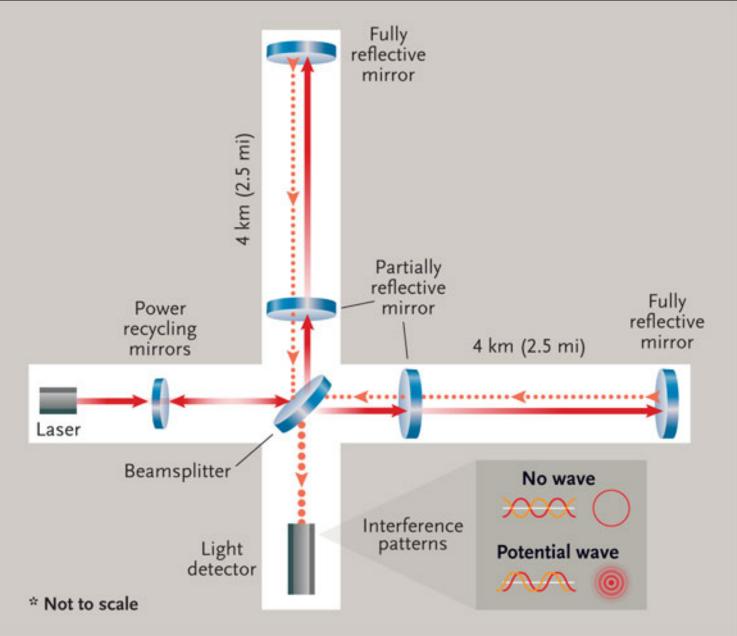








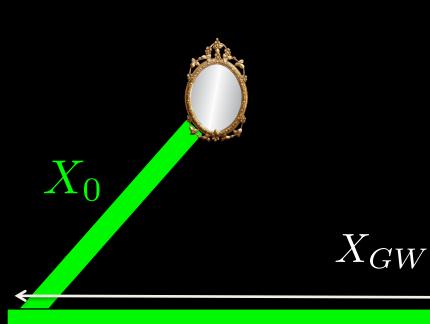






Cosa si misura in pratica





Perche' LIGO ha bracci lunghi Km?

$$X_{GW}-X_0$$



$$h = \frac{X_{GW} - X_0}{X_0}$$

$$h \approx 10^{-21}$$

$$X_{GW} - X_0 \simeq 10^{-18} \text{ m}$$

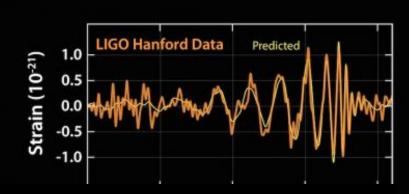


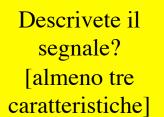


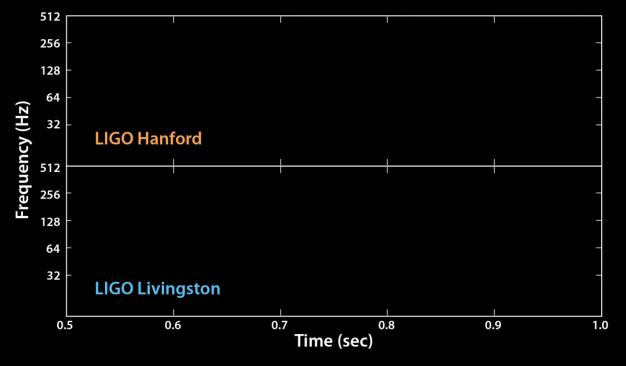
Onde Gravitazionali: la scoperta









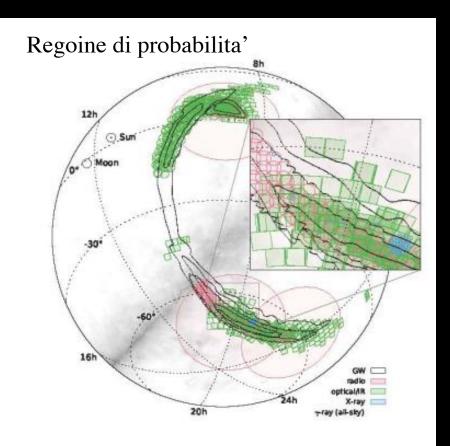




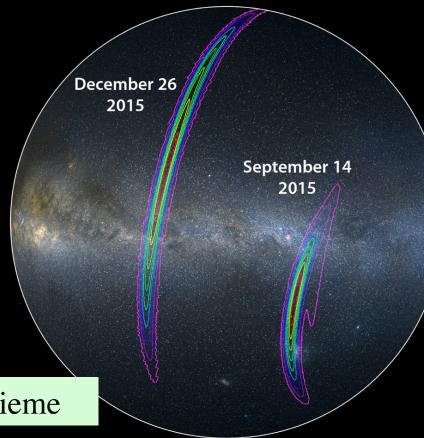


Onde Gravitazionali, da dove?





Perche' hanno questa forma?

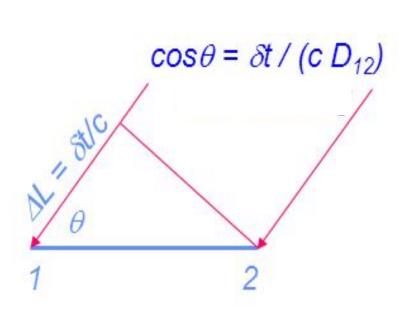


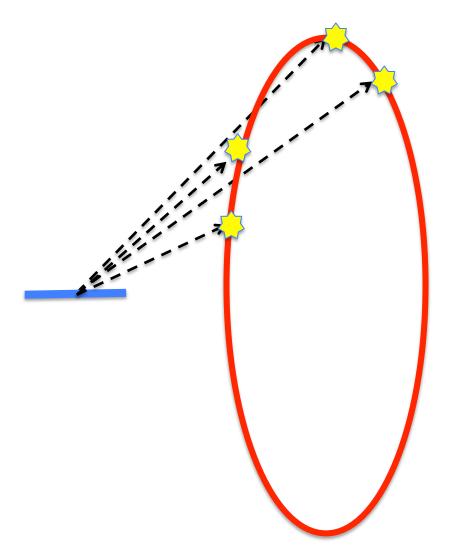
Proviamo a fare un esperimento assieme





Da quale direzione arriva l'onda?

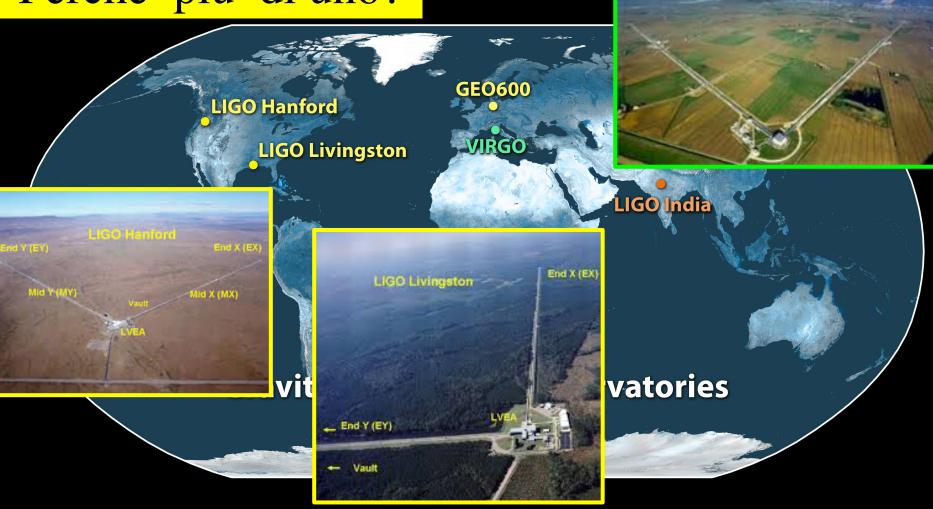








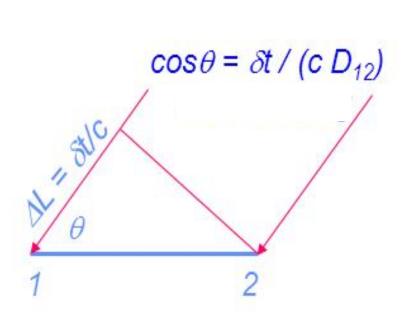
Perche' piu' di uno?

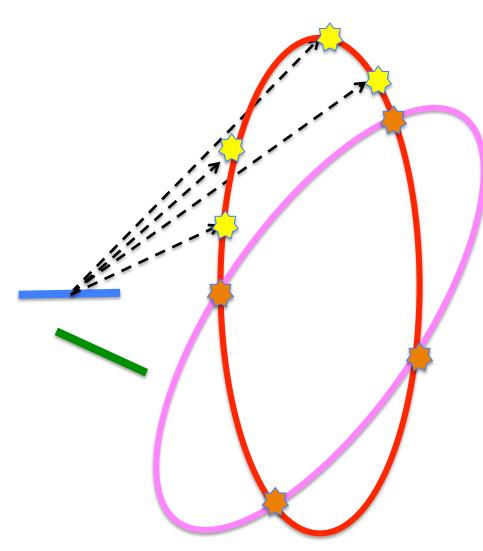






Da quale direzione arriva l'onda?







Quanto Dista?



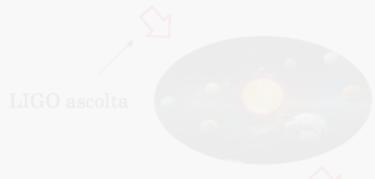
400.000.000 Parsec



Quanto Dista?

Livingston

14 Settembre 2018



4.5 h prima

Il segnale e' entrato nel sistema solare

50000 anni prima

Il segnale entra nella nostra galassia 33000 Parsec

L'uomo moderno appare in Europa e in Italia

1.3 miliardi anni prima

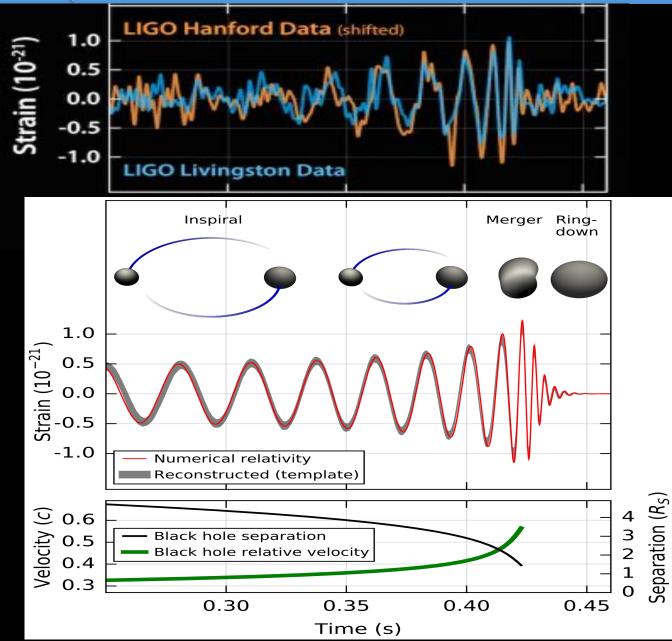
Il segnale si genera a 400 milioni di Parsec di distanza

Comparsa delle prime forme di vita sulla Terra



Binary Black Hole (BBH) merger

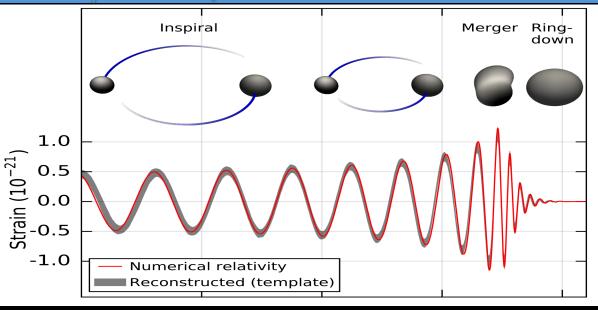






Binary Black Hole (BBH) merger



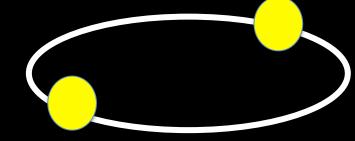


Perche' la frequenza aumenta?

$$\Omega^2 R = \frac{GM}{R^2}$$



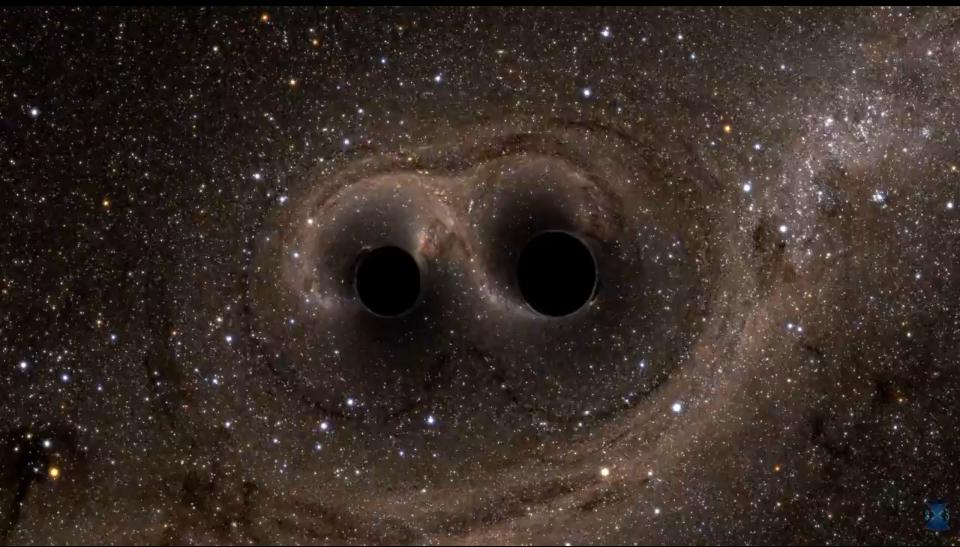






BBH se potessi essere li a vederlo

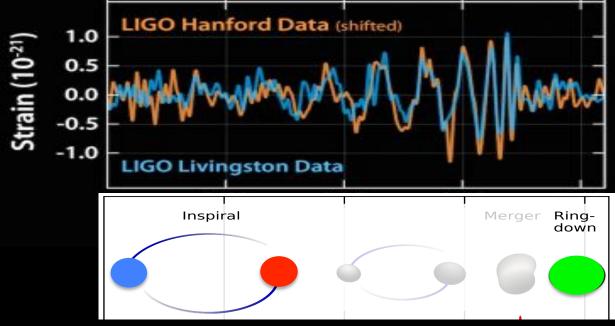






BBH: quanta massa!!





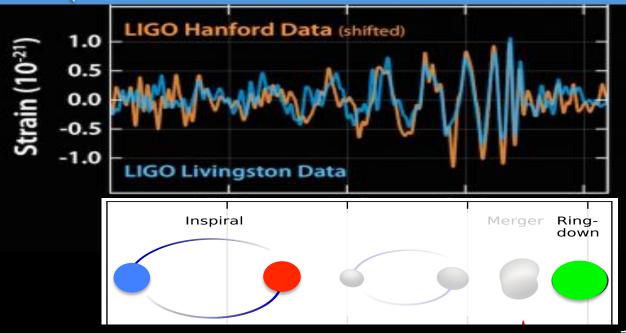
$$29\,M_{\odot}$$
 + $36\,M_{\odot}$ = $62\,M_{\odot}$

$$E = Mc^2$$



BBH: tutto si conserva ...





$$E = Mc^2$$

$$29 M_{\odot} + 36 M_{\odot} = 62 M_{\odot} + 3 M_{\odot}$$

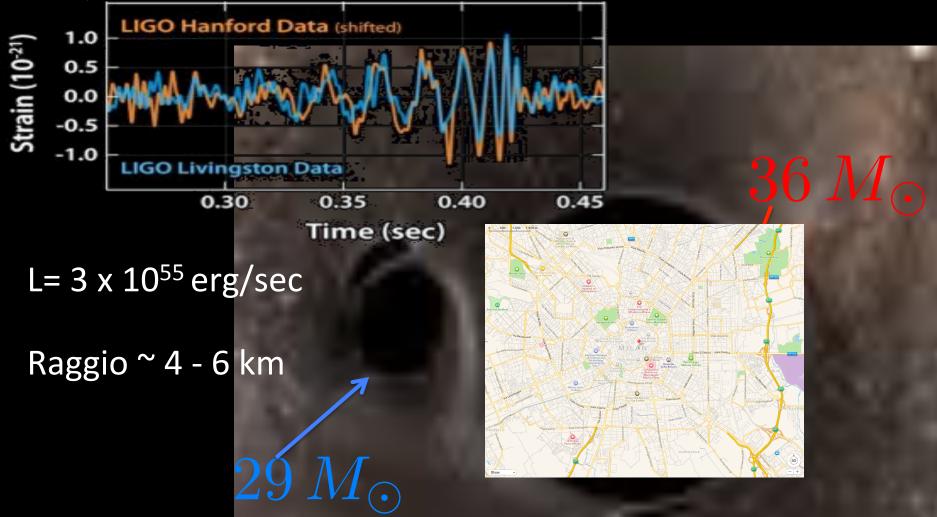
$$E = 3 \times 2 \times 10^{33} \times (3 \times 10^{10})^2 = 54 \times 10^{53} \simeq 5.4 \times 10^{54} erg$$

$$E_{3} \times 2 \times 10^{33} \times (3 \times 10^{10})^{2} = 54 \times 10^{53} \simeq 5.4 \times 10^{54} e$$

$$L = \frac{E}{t} = \frac{5.4 \times 10^{54}}{0.2} \simeq 3 \times 10^{55} \ erg/sec$$



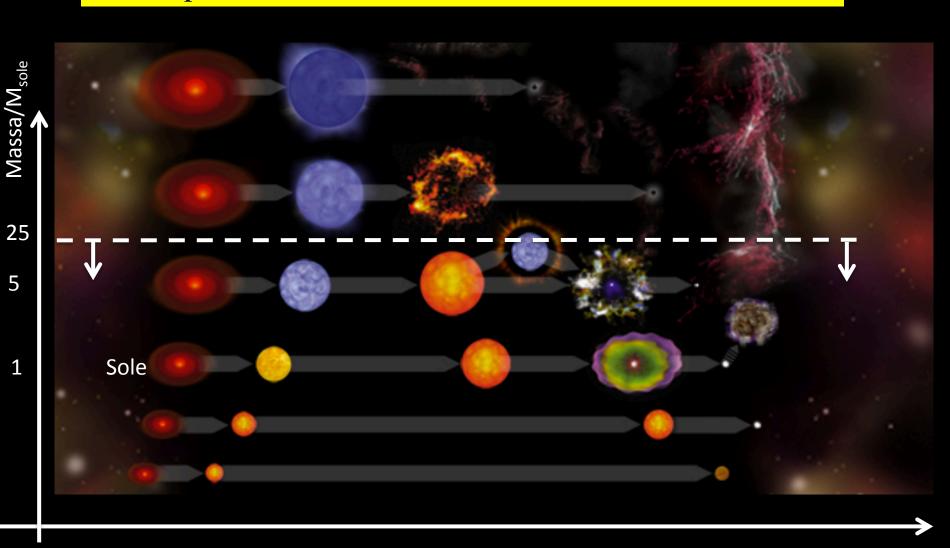




- 1) Esistono BH di 30 40 masse solari
- 2) Esistono BH in coppia
- 3) Le onde gravitazionali esistono (100 anni dopo altra conferma)



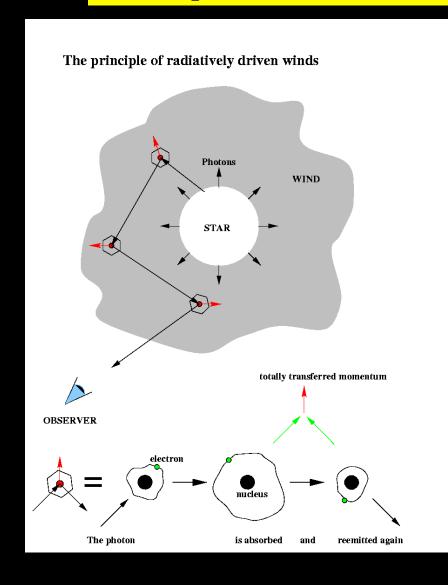
Come posso formare UN buco nero di >30 masse solari?







Come posso formare UN buco nero di >30 masse solari?



Lo sapevate che ...
le stelle dimagriscono durante
la loro vita

Se voglio $50 \ M_{\odot}$ di BH la stella deve perdere poca massa ...

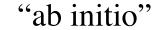


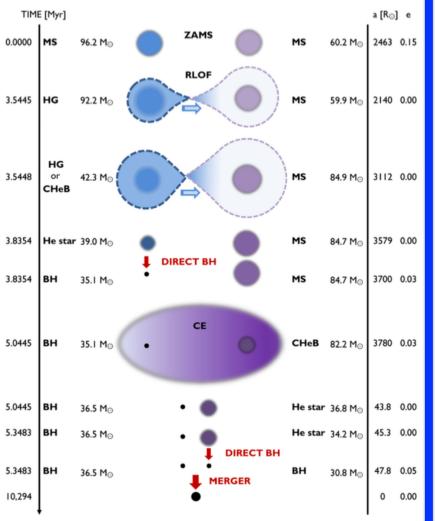
Facciamo un esperimento



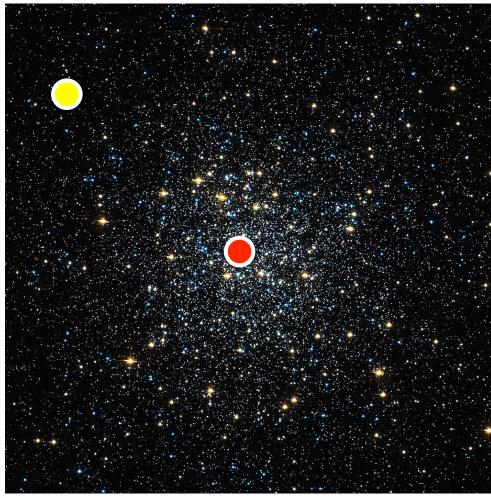


Come posso formare UNA COPPIA di buchi neri con questa massa?





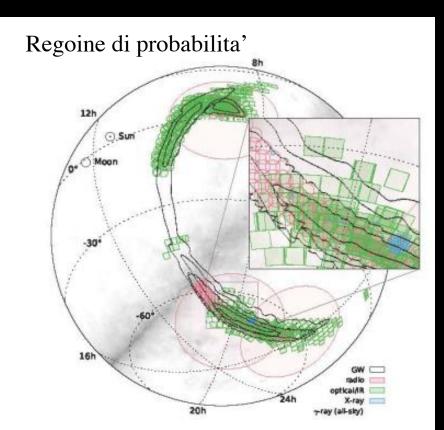
"cattura dinamica"

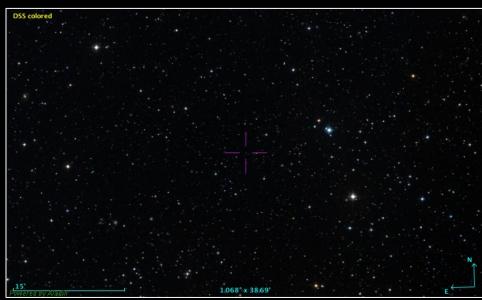




Onde Gravitazionali, c'e' "luce"?

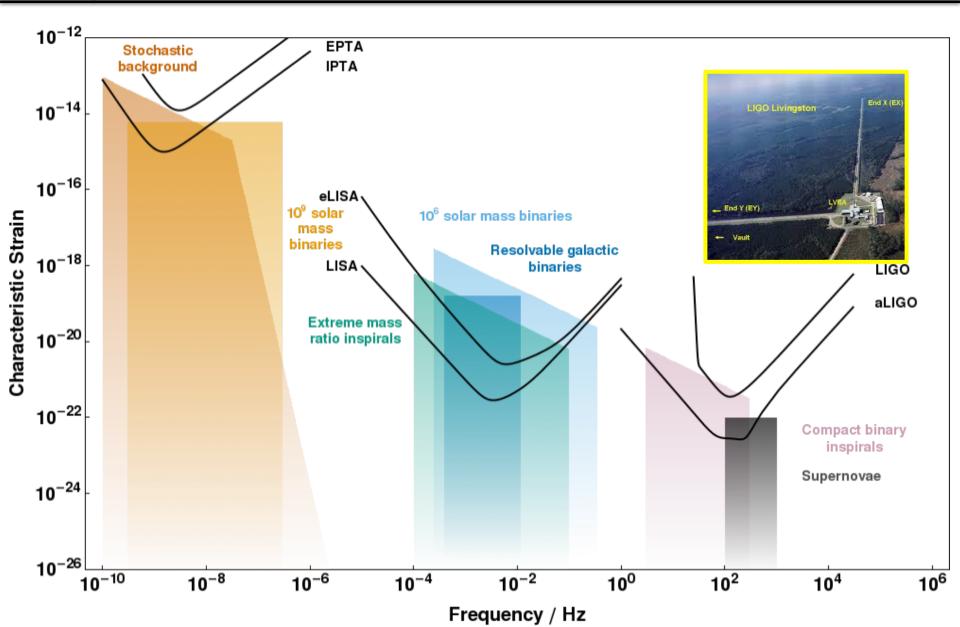








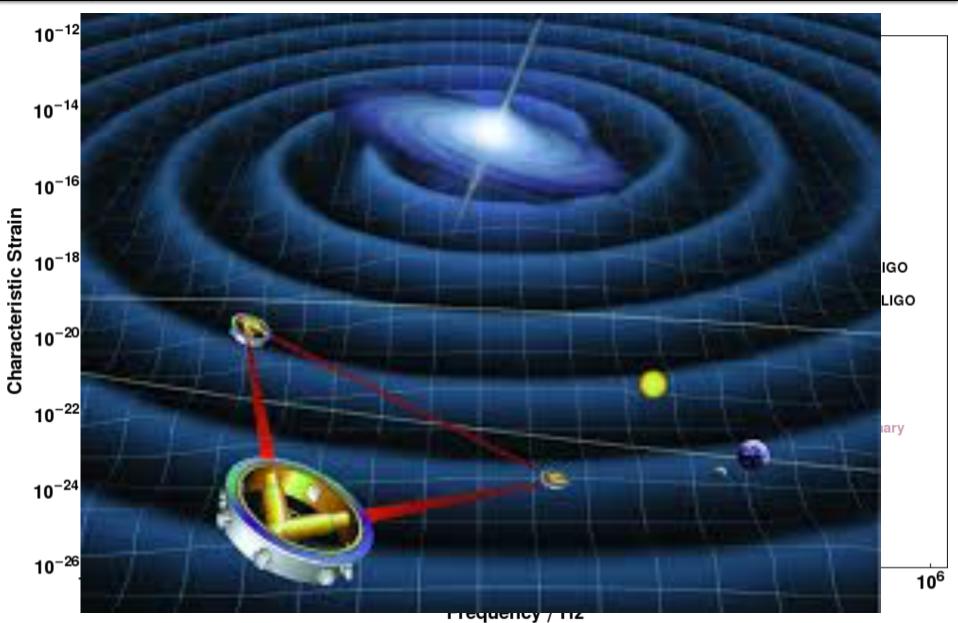






Onde Gravitazionali: LISA - eLISA

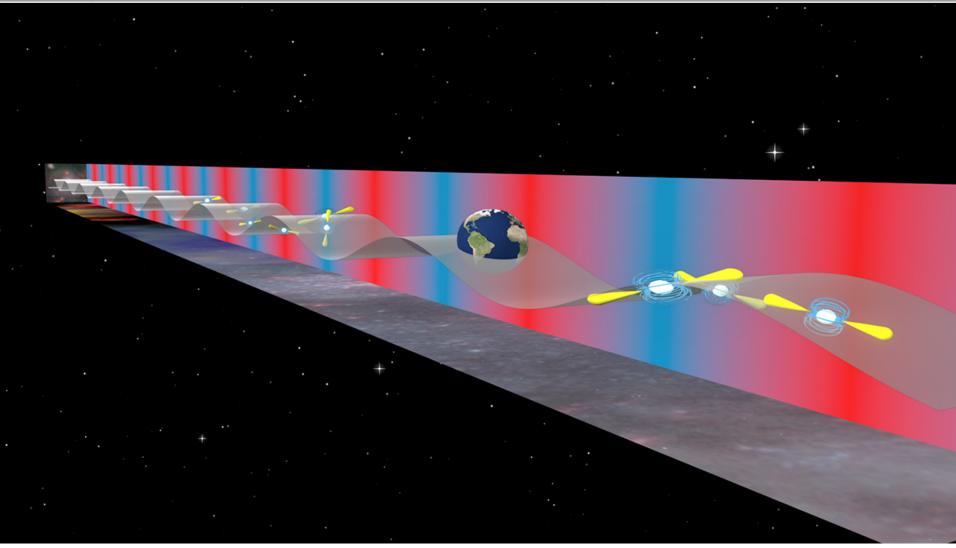






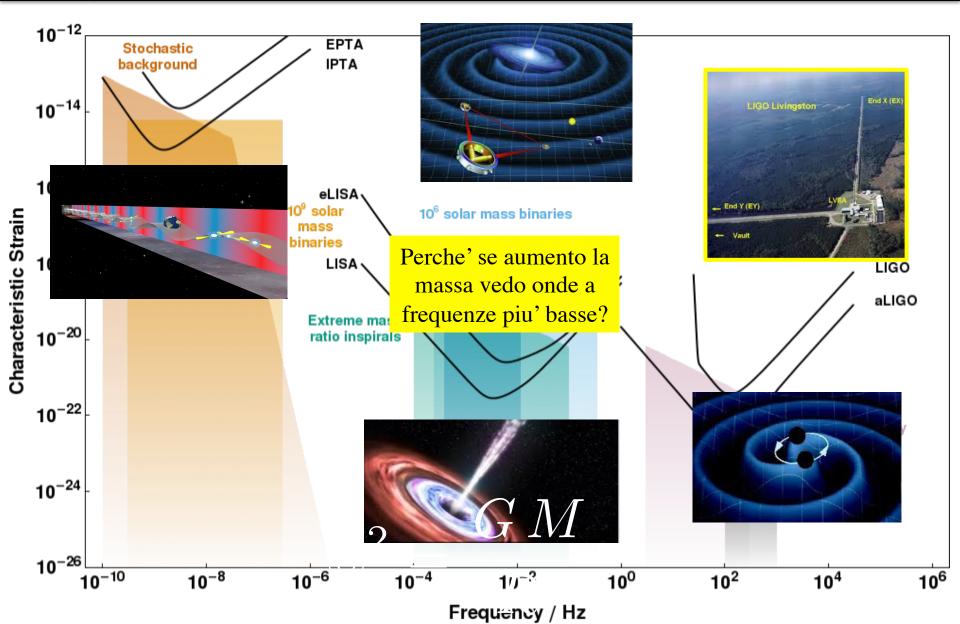
Onde Gravitazionali: Pulsar Timing Array





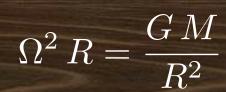








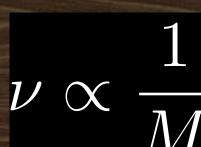




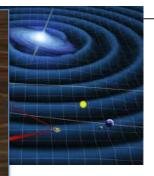
$$\Omega^2 = \frac{GM}{R^3}$$

$$\Omega = 2\pi\nu$$

$$u = \sqrt{\frac{G}{4\pi^2}} \frac{M}{R^3}$$



 $R = \frac{2GM}{c^2}$



ss binaries

esolvable galactic biparies

Perche' se aumento la massa vedo onde a frequenze piu' basse?





10⁻² 10⁰

10²

10⁴

10⁶

aLIGO

ency / Hz



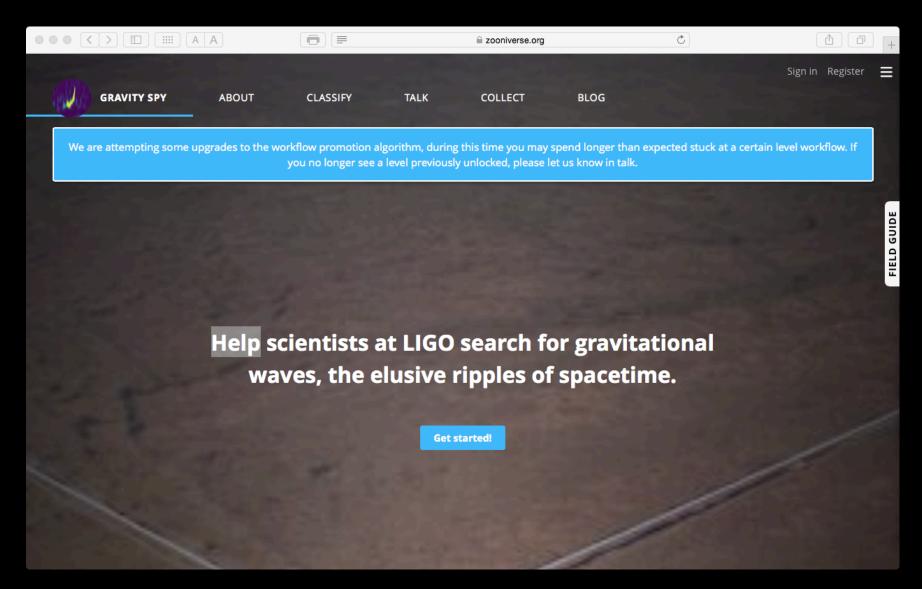




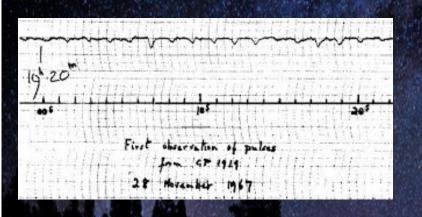


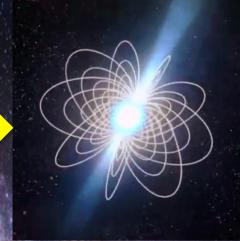


https://www.zooniverse.org/projects?discipline=astronomy&page=1&status=live

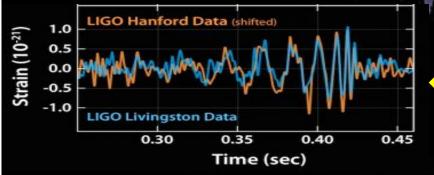


IL DOPPIO SENSO DELLA SCIENZA





GRAZIE





Il doppio senso della scienza (G. Ghirlanda – Brera 21/12/2016)

Caltech site on GW detection (with videos): https://www.caltech.edu/news/gravitational-waves-detected-100-years-after-einstein-s-prediction-49777

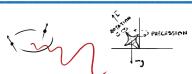
Brian Green site: http://www.briangreene.org

Diventate cacciatori di onde gravitazionali a casa con il vostro computer: https://www.zooniverse.org/projects?discipline=astronomy&page=1&status=live



A BLACK HOLE IS ONE OF THE SIMPLEST OBJECTS IN THE UNIVERSE. IT HAS ONLY TWO CHARACTERISTICS: ITS MASS (WHICH DETERMINES ITS SIZE), AND ITS SPIN (HOW MUCH SPACETIME SWIRLS AROUND).

WHEN YOU HAVE TWO BLACK HOLES IN A BINARY SYSTEM, THINGS GET MORE COMPLICATED. WE NOW HAVE THE MASSES AND SPINS OF BOTH BLACK HOLES, THE SPINS STAY THE SAME SIZE DURING THE ORBIT, BUT THEIR DIRECTIONS WOBBLE AROUND IN A PROCESS CALLED PRECESSION. THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVES REACHING EARTH FROM THE BINARY ALSO DEPEND ON WHERE THE BINARY IS AND WHICH WAY IT IS ORIENTATED.



AS THE BLACK HOLES ORBIT EACH OTHER, THEIR SPINS CHANGE DIRECTION THIS ALSO CAUSES THE ORIENTATION OF THE ORBIT TO TOPPLE BACKWARDS AND FORWARDS A LITTLE. THIS PRECESSION LEAVES AN IMPRINT ON THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVES: THEY BECOME LOUDER AND QUIETER AS THE SPINS WOBBLE AROUND. THE PRECESSION DEPENDS ON DIRECTIONS OF THE TWO SPINS COMPARED TO EACH OTHER AND COMPARED TO THAT OF THE ORBIT THE SPIN OF THE MORE MASSIVE BLACK HOLE HAS A LARGER EFFECT THAN THAT OF THE SMALLER ONE

WE DON'T SEE MUCH SIGN OF PRECESSION IN GW150914. THIS MAY BE BE-CAUSE SPINS ARE SMALL. ITS INCLINATION MEANS THE WORBLES AREN'T VISI-BLE. OR A COMBINATION OF BOTH, SINCE THE INSPIRAL IS SHORT, WE WOULD NOT EXPECT TO SEE A LARGE EFFECT IN ANY CASE.



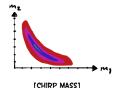
[REDSHIFT]

THE EXPANSION OF THE UNIVERSE AFFECTS GRAVITATIONAL WAVES IN A COUPLE OF WAYS. AS THE UNIVERSE EXPANDS, IT STRETCHES THE WAVES TRAVELLING THROUGH IT. THIS IS WELL KNOWN IN ASTRONOMY AND IS CALLED REDSHIFT, AS IT MAKES VISIBLE LIGHT MORE RED. TO HAVE A LARGE EFFECT, THE WAVES MUST HAVE TRAVELLED A LONG WAY.

THE FIRST EFFECT IS THAT THE FREQUENCY OF THE WAVE CHANGES. THIS HAS THE SAME IMPACT AS CHANGING THE MASSES: THINGS FURTHER AWAY APPEAR MORE MASSIVE. THE SECOND EFFECT IS TO CHANGE THE AMPLITUDE WHICH IS THE SAME AS CHANGING THE DISTANCE. WE OFTEN TALK ABOUT THE LUMINOSITY DISTANCE WHICH ABSORBS THIS EFFECT BUT ISN'T THE SAME AS IF WE MEASURED THE DISTANCE TO THE SOURCE LISING A TAPE MEASURE

IF WE GET ENOUGH MEASUREMENTS OF HOW GRAVITATIONAL WAVES ARE REDSHIFTED. WE COULD POSSIBLY LEARN SOMETHING ABOUT HOW THE UNIVERSE IS EXPANDING.





⁷0

STRAIN

THE WAY THE SIGNAL CHANGES DURING THE INSPIRAL IS PRIMARILY FIXED BY A COMBINATION OF THE BLACK HOLE MASSES WE CALL THE CHIRP MASS. IF WE SEE LOTS OF CYCLES OF INSPIRAL. WE CAN MEASURE THE CHIRP MASS REALLY WELL (BETTER THAN A FRACTION OF A PERCENT) WHEN THINKING ABOUT WHAT WE CAN LEARN FROM GRAVI-CHIRP MASS.

WOULD BE MUCH THE SAME, BUT THERE WOULD NOT BE THE SAME MERGER AND RINGDOWN. THE SIGNAL WOULD BE MUCH MESSIER, POSSIBLY FEATURING NEUTRON STARS BEING RIPPED APART, BEFORE COLLIDING AND COLLAPSING TO A FINAL BLACK HOLE. TATIONAL WAVES, PEOPLE OFTEN FIRST THINK ABOUT THE [AMPLITUDE] 4.......... THE SIZE OF THE SIGNAL, ITS AMPLITUDE, DEPENDS ON HOW FAR AWAY THE BINARY IS. IF THE DISTANCE WERE TWICE AS BIG, THE AMPLITUDE WOULD BE HALF THE QUIETER A SIGNAL IS, THE HARDER IT IS TO DETECT, AND THE LESS WE CAN LEARN ABOUT ITS PROPERTIES. HEAVIER SYSTEMS PRODUCE LOUDER GRAVITATIONAL WAVES AS THERE IS MORE MASS MOVING AROUND TO CREATE THE WAVES. 1.0 THE SIGNAL AMPLITUDE DEPENDS UPON THE WAY THE BINARY IS FACING (ITS INCLINATION), AND ITS POSITION IN THE SKY: THE DETECTORS ARE NOT EQUALLY SENSITIVE TO CRAVITATIONAL WAVES FROM ALL DIRECTIONS (THE SIGNAL IS LOUDEST WHEN THE SOURCE IS DIRECTLY ABOVE OR BELOW A DETECTOR **TRINGDOWN1** THE RINGDOWN PART OF THE SIGNAL COMES FROM THE FINAL BLACK HOLE, SO -1.0 IT DEPENDS UPON ITS MASS AND SPIN. THE FINAL MASS IS ALMOST THE SAME AS THE TOTAL MASS OF THE TWO INITIAL BLACK HOLES (SOME ENERGY IS LOST, CARRIED AWAY BY THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVES). THE FINAL SPIN DEPENDS UPON THE SPIN OF THE INITIAL BLACK HOLES AND HOW THEY WERE ORBITING



0.45

TIME (S)

THE TOTAL MASS OF THE SYSTEM DETERMINES HOW LONG IT TAKES FOR THINGS TO HAPPEN. HEAVY SYSTEMS ARE BIGGER, AND SO CHANGE MORE SLOWLY. THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVES ARE AT LOWER FREQUENCIES, WHICH MEANS THAT LIGO CAN ONLY SEE THE FINAL PARTS, LIGHTER SYSTEMS PRO-DUCE GRAVITATIONAL WAVES AT HIGHER FREQUENCIES, SO WE CAN MEASURE MORE OF THE INSPIRAL

THE TOTAL MASS OF THE SYSTEM SETS WHICH PARAMETERS ARE MOST EASILY MEASURED. FOR REALLY MASSIVE SYSTEMS WE MEASURE THE TOTAL MASS REST (AS WE ONLY SEE THE MEDGED AND DINICHOWN) BUT FOR LIGHT SYSTEMS, LIKE BINARY NEUTRON STARS, WE MEASURE THE CHIRP MASS REST (AS WE ONLY SEE THE INSPIRAL). GW150914 IS SOMEWHERE IN THE MIDDLE.

[SKY]

AROUND EACH OTHER WHEN THEY MERCED

RINGDOWN

WITH MULTIPLE DETECTORS. WE CAN WORK OUT WHICH DIRECTION THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVES CAME FROM BY LOOKING AT THE TIMES WHEN THE SIGNALS ARRIVED AT EACH DETECTOR. THIS IS SIMILAR TO HOW YOU CAN LOCATE THE SOURCE OF A SOUND USING YOUR EARS.

WE CAN GET SOME EXTRA INFORMATION ABOUT THE DIRECTION FROM HOW LOUD EACH SIGNAL IS (SINCE EACH OF THE DETECTORS HAS ITS BEST SENSITIVITY IN A DIFFERENT DIRECTION), AND WHERE THE WAVE IS IN ITS CYCLE.



[STAGES]

ONE OF THE REASONS WE DIVIDE UP THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVE SIGNAL IS BECAUSE DIFFERENT

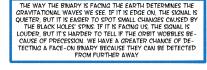
TECHNIQUES CAN BE USED TO CALCULATE THE WAVES AT DIFFERENT POINTS. THE EARLY

INSPIRAL CAN BE CALCULATED USING POST-NEWTONIAN THEORY (THIS STARTS WITH NEWTON'S THEORY OF GRAVITY AND ADDS LITTLE EXTRA BITS TO ACCOUNT FOR HOW THINGS CHANGE IN

CEMEPAL PELATIVITY). THE <u>PINIODOWN</u> CAN BE CALCULATED USING BLACK HOLE PEPTURBATION
THEORY (THIS STAPTS WITH THE FINAL SHAPE OF THE BLACK HOLE, AND SEES HOW IT REACTS
TO SMALL CHANAGES). THE <u>MERCEP</u> CAN ONLY BE CALCULATED USING MUMERICAL RELATIVITY
(SIMULATIONS OF THE FULL EQUATIONS OF GENERAL RELATIVITY WHICH TAKE LOTS OF COMPUTMAD POWER). THIS HAS ONLY BEEN PLASSIBLE IN THE LAST TO YEARS, SO THE MERCEP WAS THE

LAST PART OF THE PUZZLE.

IF WE HAD A BINARY CONTAINING NEUTRON STARS INSTEAD OF BLACK HOLES. THE INSPIRAL



[INCLINATION]

0.30

0.35

