FreeForm Gratings for Imaging Spectrometers

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Turn-key Telescopes

PanStarrs Survey Telescope



1,8 m Telescope IfA - Hawaii





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OAJ: Javalambre Observatory





Devastal Optical Telescope



3,6 m Telescope ARIES Nainital



Large opto-mechanical sub-systems



Auxillary Telescopes System for VLTi (ESO)



Adapter/Rotator for VLT (ESO)



Primary Mirror Cell for DKIST



Sub-systems studies

for E-ELT



Interferometric Telescopes for MRO

Astronomy Optics

o Polishing capabilities for complex large optics up to 3 meters











Space Optics

These equipments are flying on board satellites, probes or the Space Shuttle. They are mainly instruments, mirrors, mounts, telescopes, structures or mechanisms.

Ceramic Mirrors

DM3 Satellite (for SSTL)





Tropomi (Sentinel 5 precursor)









GAIA

Silicon Carbide Mirrors









Dutch Space

an EADS Astrium company





SATELLITE TECHNOLOGY LTD

Free Form Optics

" Freeform Optics is not just an Evolution, It's a Revolution"

J. Rolland, Director of Center for Freeform Optics, Rochester NY

Freeform Optics = surfaces without rotational symmetry



Coaxial design

- •On-axis
- Obscuration
- Narrow Field-of-view



Coaxial design

- •Off-axis
- •No Obscuration
- •Large Field-of-view

Freeform



Free orientation of optics Free position of image No obscuration Large Field-of-view 3D-configurations possible Much more compact



Imaging spectrometers

Original question (ESA 2013)

Is it possible to improve Hyperspectral Imager with a freeform grating?

subsidiary issue

Is it possible to manufacture it?

"The technology of ruling a grating on a convex freeform surface has not yet been demonstrated to our knowledge, but is an active research area".

In Light: Science & Applications (July 2017) "Freeform spectrometer enabling increased compactness", J. Reimers, A. Bauer, K. P. Thompson and J. P. Rolland.



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Freeform Grating Spectrometer





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Free Form Grating = Significant improvement of performances



Optical performance	ELOIS spectrometer
Image F#	2.5
Entrance slit	60 mm x 30 µm
Image	30 mm (spatial) x 2.7 mm (spectral)
Grating frequency	104 lp/mm
Spectral range	400-1000 nm
Spectral sampling	2.5 nm
Keystone	1.1 µm
Smile	1.9 µm
Global size	116 x 145 x 130 mm (with folding)



Free Form Grating Manufacturing

Machined on NiP-plated Aluminum blank with a 5 axis ultra-precision lathe using a sharp edge diamond tool. Blaze angle is following the normal to the surface (-6° -> 6°)









Nominal Shape



Mirror turning : 50 nm rms SFE



Grating ruling: 57 nm rms SFE





Diffraction efficiency

o Maximum diffraction efficiency of 85% is measured at 633 nm



0

y-axis (profile width, µm)



Grating Roughness





Identification of Ghost origin

- Analysis of groove to groove spacing on a microscope image of the grating
- Evidence of a periodic error in groove spacing







Grating Roughness



o But perseverance finally paid...



Notable reduction of Ghost (<10⁻³) and grass (<10⁻⁵) Low Scattering (<10⁻⁷) -> correspond to Rq=3.5 nm rms



ELOIS: Breadboard Performances





TEST SETUP



First results from breadboard tests

Initial results : Test of the Breadboard in front of a Xenon arc Lamp





Hyperspectral Image acquisition : Vegetation Samples



New perspectives : CHIMA - High Spectral resolution instrument



- Holographic FreeForm Grating 0 Spectro-Imager
 - Demagnification factor of 3 0
 - All Reflective design Full aluminum -0 Athermal
 - Spectral Resolution R~4000 (0.16 nm)
 - Spectral Bandwidth 0.5 nm
 - Long slit (60 mm)
 - Excellent imaging prop. (MTF > 0.5)
 - High SNR (> 1000)
 - Compactness (20x20x40 cm³)

1000 lp/mm Freeform replicated grating



esa

New perspectives : Multi-blazed Gratings

<mark>ک 0.6</mark>

Ě 0.4

0.5

0.3

0.2

1000

1500

2000

1 0.1

Measured profile



Optical performance	Chandrayaan II gratings
Grating frequency	20 lp/mm
Spectral range	700-5000 nm
Shape	Spherical convex
Multi-blazed	9 blaze angles

Efficiency for TM polarized light

Efficiency for non polarized light

Efficiency for TE polarized light

4000

4500

5000

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15ro

2500 3000 3500 Wavelength, nm

Minimum required



Typical roughness ~ 4nm RMS



Typical grating SFE ~ 30nm RMS



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New Perspectives : ELOIS VNIR/SWIR

Multi-Blazed Freeform grating for combined VNIR/SWIR
Spectrometer with Splitted-orders





New Perspectives : ELOIS VNIR/SWIR

Requirement	Performance
Spectral range	400-2450 nm
Ground sampling distance (@650 km)	35 m
Swath width	70 km
Mass	40 kg
Volume	550 x 650 x 450 mm ³
Number of bands	210
Spectral FWHM	<12 nm (uniform over range)
MTF	>0.3
SNR at 0.3 albedo	
VIS	> 400
NIR	>250
SWIR	> 100
Radiance accuracy	> 95%
Polarisation sensitivity	<3% absolute, 2% between bands
Out of band rejection	<1%







Conclusions

- Innovative non-symmetrical Offner Imaging spectrometer 0 with large demagnification have been successfully designed by introducing Freeform Grating.
 - -> Improved SNR 0
 - -> Compact design 0
 - -> Longer Slit (=FoV/Sampling ratio) 0
 - -> Smaller detector pixels 0
- Ultra-accurate single point diamond machining is a key 0 technology for manufacturing FFO systems:
 - For low resolutions grating (<150 lp/mm), it offers new degrees of freedom :, 0 Complex shapes, Multi-blazed, variable period...
- Through the tests of a functional breadboard, we Ο demonstrate the perfect control of the complete process chain for freeform grating and instrument, from design to manufacturing & calibration.



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